Hull Local Heritage List - December 2023					
Street	Building/Site Name/Number	Reason for Inclusion on Local List/Comments	Date Added	Conservation Area	
		lease and distinctive Education requires a few seth			
		Large and distinctive Edwardian mansion of smooth			
		pressed red engineering bricks. One of several big			
	Faure on Cathaga	houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th			
Allow I A	Former Cottage	century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton	20.44.07	NI.	
Albert Avenue	Baths	village as a popular place of residence. This	20.11.07	No	
		Highly individual polychrome terrace with attractive			
		brick porches. Built 1856. Distinctive and rare cul-de-sac			
		court housing with no front gardens, just a communal			
Albert Terrace	Nos.2-8	yard.	19.09.06	Sutton Village	
		Former Victorian Water Offices. Good and attractive			
		example of Queen Anne style architecture displaying			
		some fine parget decoration and architectural features			
		including 2 oriel windows and a pedestrian arch. Later			
		but sympathetic double-pitch (gambrel) roof with			
Alfred Gelder Street	No.100	dormers.	15.05.07	Old Town	
		Nove 4000 contribution of the facility of the			
Alfand Classic		Neat 1930s public house built for Hull brewers Moors' &		NI.	
Alfred Street	Inkerman Tavern	Robson's Ltd. Good M&R stone detail over corner door.	19.09.06	No	
		Distinctive and once commonplace Hull building type,			
		now rare. One of only 9 surviving examples. Important			
		reminder of Hull's once great fishing and fish-processing			
		industries and a significant contributor to local			
Alfred Street	Smokehouse, No.54	distinctiveness.	15.05.07	No	

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Anlaby Road	Former Hull & East Riding Club (now part of Gilson Hotel)	Good example of Jacobethan style architecture and an early Edwardian club. Built 1902. The initials of the club, along with the arms of Kingston upon Hull and the East Riding of Yorkshire, can still be seen over the blocked-up two-storey entrance porch. To the left of the old entrance porch are some fine iron railings and a pedestrian gate, both decorated with scrolls and distinctive Art Nouveau finials.	20.11.07	No
		Good and rare surviving example of a prominent 1920s		
		suburban cinema. Designed by Blackmore & Sykes.		
		Notable for its Art Deco details, great arched front with		
	Mecca Bingo	1st floor balcony, shallow triangular pediment above		
	(former Carlton	topped by a globe, and entrances in great rounded		
Anlaby Road	Theatre)	three-storey bays to either side.	19.09.06	No
		Notable for being the fastest cinema ever built; taking		
		250 men just 7 weeks to build. Designed by JM Dossor		
		and opened in 1910. Originally known as the		
		Kinemacolour Palace; designed to show colour films		
		invented by Charles Urban, an American, who had the		
		idea of granting rights of performance of his films to		
		one cinema in each town, the equipment for showing		
		these films being provided by Mr Urban himself.		
		However, 'Urbanora' was soon found to infringe patent		
	No 22 25 CW	rights and the cinema changed its name to the Kinema		
	No.23-25, G W	Picture Palace and began to screen the more orthodox		
	Horners Public	monochrome films. Renamed The Regent in 1919 and		
Anlahu Daad	House (former	closed as a cinema in 1978. Original facade altered inter-		Ne
Anlaby Road	Regent Cinema)	war and given an Art Deco makeover.	20.11.07	No

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Anlaby Road	No.419-421	Striking example of a former Edwardian cinema built in Classical style. Known as the West Park Picture Palace, the cinema opened in November 1914 and closed in January 1959. Good stuccoed façade with colonnade to the upper storeys supporting a pediment.	20.11.07	No
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		Pleasing 3-storey mid-Victorian shop building that curves satisfyingly round the corner into Midland Street. Red brick with stone dressings. Attractive example of French Renaissance style architecture featuring a decorative string course, 7 festooned patera		
		(bass-relief decorative circular ornaments) and heavy		
		moulded window architrave. The mansard roof, with its		
		distinctive French style oeil-de-boeuf (bull's-eye)		
		dormers, originally had tall chimney stacks with heavy		
		cornices and was surmounted with cast iron cresting		
Anlaby Road	No.45	and finials.	20.11.07	No
		Former bank. Elegant and stylish example of Neo-		
		Georgian architecture. Built 1930s. Narrow red brick		
		with stone dressings. Brick parapet with Roman tile		
		roof. Classical style entrance with double doors, Doric		
		columns and a splendid fanlight above. Large tall multi-		
	The New Griffin	paned windows with fanlight heads complete the		
Anlaby Road	No. 501	composition.	20.11.07	No
	Three Crowns	Fine stone Neo-Classical building. Designed by John		
	(former Hull Savings	Bilson, a prominent local architect, and built 1925. Now		
Anlaby Road	Bank), No.499	a public house.	19.09.06	No

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Trinity House	A series of pleasant 2-storey Neo-Georgian almshouses arranged around a quadrangle, set back in landscaped grounds. Built 1938-40 and designed by FJ Horth & H Andrew. Distinctive hipped slate roofs with solid chimney stacks. Characteristic Neo-Georgian windows replaced late-20th century with plain 1-over-1 imitation		
Almshouses	sashes.	20.11.07	No
	Attractive vernacular inspired public house. Built for Hull Brewery in 1932. Important 'touchstone' for the former hamlet of Stoneferry - an area now dominated		
The Ship Inn	by large industrial & retail units.	19.09.06	No
Sea Cadets HQ, No.118	Street Wesleyan chapel. A good example of Romanesque style architecture. Built 1910 to the designs of Gelder and Kitchen. Attractive use of red brick and stone dressings and a rare building of	15.05.07	No
Humber Mental	Former Hull & Sculcoates Dispensary. Built 1886 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in Dutch Renaissance style. The brick and stone building has a fine Dutch gable and had, until 'modernisation' small paned windows and a good entrance doorway in the Flemish style. A good example of a pre-National		
nealth, No.7	Inearth building.	מט.פע.פדן	Georgian New Town
	The Ship Inn Sea Cadets HQ, No.118	arranged around a quadrangle, set back in landscaped grounds. Built 1938-40 and designed by FJ Horth & H Andrew. Distinctive hipped slate roofs with solid chimney stacks. Characteristic Neo-Georgian windows replaced late-20th century with plain 1-over-1 imitation sashes. Attractive vernacular inspired public house. Built for Hull Brewery in 1932. Important 'touchstone' for the former hamlet of Stoneferry - an area now dominated by large industrial & retail units. Former schoolroom to the now demolished Argyle Street Wesleyan chapel. A good example of Romanesque style architecture. Built 1910 to the designs of Gelder and Kitchen. Attractive use of red brick and stone dressings and a rare building of distinction for the area. Former Hull & Sculcoates Dispensary. Built 1886 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in Dutch Renaissance style. The brick and stone building has a fine Dutch gable and had, until 'modernisation' small paned windows and a good entrance doorway in the Flemish style. A good example of a pre-National	arranged around a quadrangle, set back in landscaped grounds. Built 1938-40 and designed by FJ Horth & H Andrew. Distinctive hipped slate roofs with solid chimney stacks. Characteristic Neo-Georgian windows replaced late-20th century with plain 1-over-1 imitation sashes. 20.11.07 Attractive vernacular inspired public house. Built for Hull Brewery in 1932. Important 'touchstone' for the former hamlet of Stoneferry - an area now dominated by large industrial & retail units. 19.09.06 Former schoolroom to the now demolished Argyle Street Wesleyan chapel. A good example of Romanesque style architecture. Built 1910 to the designs of Gelder and Kitchen. Attractive use of red brick and stone dressings and a rare building of distinction for the area. Former Hull & Sculcoates Dispensary. Built 1886 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in Dutch Renaissance style. The brick and stone building has a fine Dutch gable and had, until 'modernisation' small paned windows and a good entrance doorway in the Flemish style. A good example of a pre-National

Baker Street	No.41	Attractive example of a former Victorian church schoolroom and lecture hall. Built in 1867 for the Albion Independent (Congregational) chapel. Good use of red and 'white' brick. Occupied by Hull Grammar School between 1878 and 1892. Designed in the Gothic Revival style and partly 'Georgianized' in the early 20th century. During the 1970s it was known as 'The Brickhouse', a venue for alternative concerts and poetry readings. Stone parapet over left hand entrance inscribed "ALBION LECTURE HALL".		Georgian New Town
Bankside	Former Sculcoates St Mary's National School	Rare surviving example of a National School and an important contributor to Sculcoates's own sense of place and local distinctiveness. Built in 1852 and controlled by the National Society for the Education of the Poor in the Principles of the Established Church (formed in 1811). Transferred to the Local Education Authority (established 1903) and closed in 1908. Architect unknown, but it represents a good example of Tudor style architecture and a rare 'touchstone' to Sculcoates's past - a former independent settlement on the west bank of the River Hull dating back to at least the 14th century and probably earlier. Occupies a prominent riverside position.	15.05.07	Sculcoates
		Former Victoria Maltings. Prominent and rare mid-late Victorian industrial relic relating to the Hull brewing		
Barmston Street/ Swann		industry. Complex comprises two long malt houses		
Street	No.91/No.56	running parallel with each other.	19.09.06	No

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		Generic East Riding milestone. 1 of only 3 surviving		
		mounting block type examples in Hull. Erected to		
		inform travellers along the Hull to Beverley turnpike		
		(established under an Act of 1744) how far they had		
	Milestone (c.34m	come and how far they still had to go. Rare relic from		
	NE of Nos.869-71	the days of turnpike trusts and an important piece of		
Beverley Road	Beverley Road)	transport heritage for Hull. Metal mile plate missing.	19.09.06	No
		Good examples of grand Victorian middle class housing		
		dating from the early 1870s. 263-9 are four identical		
		three-bay grey brick villas with hipped slate roofs and		
	Nos.263-269 &	fine Corinthian porches. Claremont House is even larger		
	Claremont House,	and more elaborate with lovely shaped gables and a		
Beverley Road	No.271	very distinctive corner tower.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
		Attractive and beautifully restored mid-late Victorian		
		terrace-of-six. White brick with pretty shaped gables.		
		Excellent uniformity - all with matching windows,		
		railings and livery. A good example of how a Victorian		
Beverley Road	Nos.286-296	terrace should look.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
		Former Hull Savings Bank. Prominent corner building		
		with a nice corner clock turret and good stone detailing,		
		including an entrance with large open segmental		
		pediment enclosing a huge stepped keystone and a		
	Pendrill House,	Renaissance gable. Built 1901 and probably designed by		
Beverley Road	No.190	Gelder & Kitchen.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
		Opened by the New Connexion Methodists in 1849. A		
	Pentecostal Glad	good example of a small non-conformist chapel, built in		
	Tidings Hall (former	the Classical style, with a stucco front. Hull's earliest		
	Stepney or Zion	surviving non-conformist chapel. Still in use as a place of		
Beverley Road	Chapel), No.219	worship.	19.09.06	Beverley Road

		Extremely interesting and unusual stuccoed cottage of c.1837. Probably designed by H. F. Lockwood who was architect of Kingston College (now Kingston Youth Centre) to the north. The cottage was originally single storey; it has a nice Tudor style doorway and windows to the ground floor and windows with classical detail to		
	Royal British Legion,	the first floor. It was seemingly the college lodge (the		
	Kingston Cottage,	nearby Gothic style stone gate-pier is identical to the		
Beverley Road	No.44	pair at the present entrance to the Youth Centre).	15.05.07	Beverley Road
	Scoria paving blocks in 'tenfoot' to rear of Nos.2a-16 Beresford Avenue and between No.568 & No.570	Distinctive and richly textured blue-grey 'glassy' setts shaped in patterned moulds from the slag of smelted metal ore (known as scoria). Attractive shape and		
Beverley Road	Beverley Road.	pattern comprising two conjoined floral-hexagons.	20.11.07	Beverley High Road
	The Dorchester	Originally three properties, including Tamworth Lodge and Dorchester House. Built 1861-2 by Bellamy & Hardy for John Bryson. A delightful profusion of shaped gables and towers terminating in spires covered with ornamental slates and decorated with tiny dormers. A		
Beverley Road	Hotel, Nos.273-77	good example of grand Victorian middle class housing.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
David av David	The Old Picture House (former Mayfair Cinema),	Good and rare surviving example of a 1920s luxury class suburban cinema. Designed by H. F. Wharf of Freeman, Son & Gaskell. Notable Art Deco façade. Built 1929 and		Daviday Band
Beverley Road	No.386	closed as a cinema 1964. Now a public house.	19.09.06	Beverley Road

		Distinctive public house of c.1900. Red brick, faience to		
	The Rose Hotel,	ground floor, good lettering and a rounded corner with		
Beverley Road	No.245		19.09.06	Beverley Road
		Traditional public house remodelled in the late 1920s.		
		Retains many original features. A nice example of		
Beverley Road	The Station, No.202	domestic scale 'Brewers Tudor'.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
		5		
		Former public house refronted in 1898. Architecturally		
		interesting front façade. Bar windows form a bow front,		
		flanked by doors, all set back beneath a single arch		
		which supports the rest of the facade above, topped by		
		a good Flemish gable. Further interest is provided by		
		ornate iron work (above and below the central first		
		floor oriel window); fine brick and terracotta work; and		
		decorative faience panels - all typical of Hull's splendid		
Beverley Road	The Swan Inn	late Victorian pubs.	19.09.06	Beverley Road
		Good and very attractive Neo-Georgian example of the		
		suburban roadhouse-style pubs that were built to serve		
		the new housing estates of the 1920s and 1930s. Built		
	The Fiveways,	for Hull brewers Moors' & Robson's Ltd. Railings above		
Boothferry Road	No.317	bay window feature M&R initials.	15.05.07	No
		Good and attractive vernacular inspired example of the		
		suburban roadhouse-style pubs that were built to serve		
		the new housing suburbs of the 1920s and 1930s. The		
		old Three Tuns had stood in Great Passage Street since		
		the 1820s and closed in 1936 following large-scale		
		demolition in the area. The licence was transferred to		
Boothferry Road	Three Tuns		15.05.07	No
bootificity Road	THICC TUIIS	this new pas opened in 1990.	13.03.07	INO

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Roulevard	No 167	Former western branch of the Hull & Sculcoates Dispensary. Prominent and distinctive building of red brick with terracotta details. Gabled gambrel (mansard) roof with hipped dormers. Features a nice arcade of three bays on the ground floor (where people queued for their medicines), now bricked up. Built 1898 and designed by Smith, Brodrick and Lowther. A good example of a pre-National Health building and a building showing the confusion of architectural whims, fancies and influences that characterised the period between the middle of the 1880s and the First World	20 11 07	Roulevard
Boulevard	No.167		20.11.07	Boulevard
		Former Boulevard Higher Grade School - altered and		
		converted to flats late 20th century. 1 of only 3 Higher Grade Schools built to accommodate children staying		
		on after the compulsory school leaving age of 13. Built		
		1895 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local		
		architect, in his 'School Board' style (embodying		
		features from both Dutch and Jacobean architecture).		
		Only 15 out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive.		
		Architecturally, they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave		
		as 'some of the best Victorian buildings in Hull'. School	10 00 06	
Boulevard	Rosedale Mansions	attended by aviator Amy Johnson.	19.09.06	Boulevard

		Good example of late 19th century shipping offices with		
		a fine ornamental door surround added in or after		
		1919. Originally known as Deddington Chambers (after		
		the Deddington Steamship Company owned by Sir		
		Henry Samman). In 1919 Sir Henry Samman gifted the		
		building to the Hull Incorporated Chamber of		
		Commerce & Shipping. At the same time, he provided		
		for the erection at the rear of the offices, now known as		
		Samman House, a magnificent Council Chamber		
		('Redwood Hall') designed by B. S. Jacobs & T. Snowden.		
		Subsequently, and to mark his Presidency of the		
		Chamber in 1921, Sir Henry installed a large stained-		
		glass window, depicting shipping through the ages and		
		incorporating the Chamber's crest and the coat of arms		
		of Hull Trinity House. In the early 1950s, a further four		
		stained-glass windows where installed down the east		
		side of the Council Chamber as a contribution to		
		Festival of Britain Year. The distinctive 1950s windows,		
		illustrating the industries of Hull, were designed by		
	Samman House &	Pope & Parr of Nottingham and were gifts of the paint,		
Bowlalley Lane	Redwood Hall, No.4	seed-crushing and wholesale grocery trades.	15.05.07	Old Town

rmer Priory	example of 1930s Art Deco super-type cinema architecture. Opened in 1938 and built to meet the needs of the rapidly growing surrounding area. During WWII, it served as a Civil Defence Centre. After closure in 1959, it was converted to a supermarket. Old auditorium destroyed by fire in 1973 and replaced with		No
.37	signage. A good example of 'Brewers Jacobethan'.	19.09.06	No
	under an Act of 1766 and infilled during the 1960s. Above ground, east parapet only survives. Red brick		
ttingham Drain	(bearing three ducal coronets).	20.11.07	No
	acquired and remodelled by Hull Brewery Co. in 1920. Highly individual exterior, almost certainly designed by		
e Albion	grapevine capitals.	19.09.06	No
r of K6 telephone sks (opposite	cream livery of Kingston Communications. Designed by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott in 1936, the K6 has become	20 11 07	No
<u>c</u>	mer Priory ema t Riding Hotel, 37 dge over infilled tingham Drain Albion of K6 telephone sks (opposite	example of 1930s Art Deco super-type cinema architecture. Opened in 1938 and built to meet the needs of the rapidly growing surrounding area. During WWII, it served as a Civil Defence Centre. After closure in 1959, it was converted to a supermarket. Old auditorium destroyed by fire in 1973 and replaced with a new purpose-built supermarket (not included). Distinctive public house remodelled in the 1920s/30s. Retains many original features and some nice stone signage. A good example of 'Brewers Jacobethan'. Rare physical relic relating to the Cottingham Drain, cut under an Act of 1766 and infilled during the 1960s. Above ground, east parapet only survives. Red brick with corniced stone caps and a pair of armorial stones (bearing three ducal coronets). Distinctive public house established around 1850 and acquired and remodelled by Hull Brewery Co. in 1920. Highly individual exterior, almost certainly designed by Freeman, Son & Gaskell, featuring short columns with grapevine capitals. Pair of K6 telephone kiosks painted in the traditional cream livery of Kingston Communications. Designed by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott in 1936, the K6 has become	architecture. Opened in 1938 and built to meet the needs of the rapidly growing surrounding area. During WWII, it served as a Civil Defence Centre. After closure in 1959, it was converted to a supermarket. Old auditorium destroyed by fire in 1973 and replaced with a new purpose-built supermarket (not included). Distinctive public house remodelled in the 1920s/30s. Retains many original features and some nice stone signage. A good example of 'Brewers Jacobethan'. Rare physical relic relating to the Cottingham Drain, cut under an Act of 1766 and infilled during the 1960s. Above ground, east parapet only survives. Red brick with corniced stone caps and a pair of armorial stones (bearing three ducal coronets). Distinctive public house established around 1850 and acquired and remodelled by Hull Brewery Co. in 1920. Highly individual exterior, almost certainly designed by Freeman, Son & Gaskell, featuring short columns with grapevine capitals. Pair of K6 telephone kiosks painted in the traditional cream livery of Kingston Communications. Designed by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott in 1936, the K6 has become

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Castle Street	Burnett House, No.82-83	Former early Victorian Hotel originally known as Queen's Hotel. Refronted c.1870s and renamed Britannia Hotel. Closed 1913. Current name relates to post-war tenants Burnett & Co (Newcastle) Ltd (shipping agents). Restored 2006. Attractive and prominent façade featuring unique Britannia consoles and distinctive windows.	19.09.06	Old Town
Castle Street	No.65	Former Mytongate Exchange. A distinctive brick and terracotta building opened by the National Telephone Company in 1911. Taken over and used by the Hull Corporation Telephone Department from 1914-1963. In 1987 the Department became Kingston Communications (Hull) plc. The building represents a significant part of the history of Hull's unique municipally owned telephone system.	19.09.06	Old Town
Castle Street	x2 lampposts at Trinity Burial Ground	Rare examples of historic street furniture. Early-mid 19th century. Distinguishable from the other later electric lampposts in the churchyard by their fluted cast iron column, fluted cross bar (lamplighter's ladder rest) and inverted bowl base set on an octagonal plinth. Fragment of lantern extant on one only. Burial ground opened in 1783 and closed in 1861.	15.05.07	Old Town
Chanterlands Avenue	Cemetery lodge & gates at Hull Western Cemetery	Good vernacular inspired cemetery lodge. Last surviving example in west Hull. Built 1881. Attractive Gothic style gate piers with ornate cast iron gates.	19.09.06	No

	Sainsbury's Local,	Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd and opened in 1928. Classic Jackson's façade (in grocer's Classical style) designed by Gelder & Kitchen. Distinctive Marmo (white faience) faced façade with good coloured mosaics. The oculus (circular opening) fronting		
Chanterlands Avenue	No.70-74	Chanterlands Avenue formerly held a clock.	20.11.07	No
Church Mount, Sutton	Nos.1-12	Two imposing and grand Victorian tall gabled polychrome brick terraces set back behind railings with large front and rear gardens. Occupy a prominent ridge position overlooking Sutton village.	19.09.06	Sutton Village
Church Street, Sutton		Good example of a large mid-late Victorian double-fronted villa built in a distinctive yellow brick. One of several big houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton village as a popular place of residence.	15.05.07	Sutton Village
Church Street, Sutton	Bridge over former	Good example of a small cast iron bridge that ceased to be built after 1881. Bears the legend: 1863 Close Ayre & Nicholson Phoenix Foundry York. A rare survival and an important part of Hull's transport heritage.		Sutton Village

		Natural flat topped boulder marked as 'Burying Stone'		
		on Thomas Blashill's 18th century map of Sutton		
		(published in 1896). Possibly medieval as until the mid-		
		15th century St. James' church had no right of burial		
		and villagers had to be taken to nearby Wawne to be		
		buried. Alternatively it may be post-medieval. The 1549		
		prayer book required that the priest meet the corpse at		
		the entrance to the churchyard and begin the service		
		there. A second nearby stone is possibly a 20th century		
	Coffin Rest or Stone	addition. Both stones flank the entrance to a war		
Church Street, Sutton	(Mort Stone)	memorial enclosure.	19.09.06	Sutton Village
		Old traditional village local. Probably built or rebuilt on		
		the site of an earlier alehouse at the end of the 18th		
		century. No. 72 was a separate shop until 1920.		
	Duke of York, No.70-	Refronted in the 1920s. Attractive example of domestic		
Church Street, Sutton	72	scale 'Brewers Tudor'.	15.05.07	Sutton Village
		Distinguished Australian 'Battle of Britain' ace. Killed in		
	_	action 7th September 1940. Highest scoring non-British		
	Lieutenant P. C.	fighter pilot in the Battle of Britain. Credited with		
	Hughes, DFC,	shooting down the German ace Oberleutnant Franz von		
	Churchyard of St	Werra ('The One That Got Away'), the only German to		
Church Street, Sutton	James	escape British custody and make it back to Germany.	15.05.07	Sutton Village

		Good and rare surviving example of local railway architecture. Originally built for the stationmaster at Sutton Station. Sutton Station was operated by the Hull and Hornsea Railway which opened on 28th March 1864. The company merged with the North Eastern Railway (NER) in 1866. The line was closed to passenger traffic on 10th October 1964 although goods traffic continued until 13th May 1965. The former stationmaster's house is the only surviving building	45.05.07	
Church Street, Sutton	No.19	connected with Sutton Station.	15.05.07	Sutton Village
		Good example of an unspoilt end of terrace 2-storey		
		village cottage (extant in 1853). White washed brick		
		with pantile roof. Offset front door (with segmental		
		arched head) with 8-over-8 sash window to side (also		
		with segmental arched head). Window above latter		
Church Street, Sutton	No.48	same.	15.05.07	Sutton Village

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		Neat and traditional village building that incorporates		
		parts of an earlier Wesleyan Methodist chapel (built		
		1809). In 1859-60 the chapel was sold by the		
		Methodists and from then until 1877 it served as a		
		dwelling house, being known as Nancy Hart's Cottage.		
		The building became a Reading Room in 1877 (initially		
		for gentlemen only) and was remodelled and extended		
		in 1882 (commemorated by a stone plaque "Reading		
		Room 1882", mounted on the former southern		
		(external) gable wall, now an inside wall). The latter		
		became an inside wall when the Reading Room was		
		extended again in 1935 (discernable in the roof and		
		brickwork at the southern end). After 1935, the		
		northern end of the building was known as Reading		
		Room Cottage and provided accommodation for the		
	Old Sutton Reading	caretaker up until about the 1960s. Now a Community		
Church Street, Sutton	Room, No.17	Hall.	19.09.06	Sutton Village
chardi street, satton	NOOHI, NO.17	i i ali.	13.03.00	Julion village
	Sutton Methodist	Handsome non-conformist brick chapel. Built in 1859		
Church Ctroot Cuttor		•	10.00.00	Sutton Villago
Church Street, Sutton	Chapel (Wesleyan)	but still in the Georgian tradition.	19.09.06	Sutton Village

		Large and distinctive Edwardian mansion of smooth pressed red engineering bricks. One of several big		
		houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th		
		century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton		
		village as a popular place of residence. This example,		
		one of the last to be built, typically and		
		characteristically for Sutton, has its back to the main		
		street. Built on the site of an earlier house (known as		
		Elm Tree) of which only the stables and coachhouse		
		survive. Elm Tree was demolished c.1907 and replaced		
		with the current mansion, known initially as Elmtrees and later as Godolphin Hall.The front facade, facing		
		south, has distinctive and attractive shaped gables and		
		a good copper sun dial bearing the legend 'TAKE TIME		
		BY THE FORELOCK'. To the front and side are good		
		projecting door canopies. From 1937-9 during the		
		Spanish Civil War (1936-9), the building was home to 40		
	Sutton Village Care	refugee children from the Basque region of northern		
Church Street, Sutton	Home, No.30	Spain who were cared for by local volunteers.	15.05.07	Sutton Village
		Good traditional looking village local. Built as a house		
		c.1804 on land owned by the Chamberlain Trust. In use		
		as a public house by 1815. In 1953 The Chamberlain		
		Trust sold the pub with its adjacent two almshouses		
		(built c.1804). Shortly afterwards the pub was extended		
		to incorporate the former almshouses and renamed		
		The Ship. Almshouse plaque still survives above a		
Chunch Ctuant Cutter	The Chin No 44 46	blocked doorway, although it is now painted over and	10.00.00	Cutton Village
Church Street, Sutton	The Ship, No.44-46	partially obscured by an inn sign.	19.09.06	Sutton Village

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		Good example of a 1930s public house. Built 1939 for		
		Hull brewers Moors' & Robson's Ltd (M&R initials		
		incised on building and on rainwater heads). Many		
		distinctive features including unusual shaped gables, a		
		relief sculpture of a red lion, some Art Deco		
Clarence Street	Red Lion	ornamentation and a separate Ladies entrance.	19.09.06	No
		Good example of a nicely detailed traditional corner		
!		pub. Rebuilt in the 1870s on the site of an earlier		
	Former Full	licensed house. Features some of the earliest		
	Measure Tavern,	architectural ceramic ornamentation of any public		
Cleveland Street	No.175	house in Hull.	15.05.07	No
		Built 1888 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent		
!		local architect, in the Dutch style. Only 15 out of Hull's		
		37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they are		
		regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best		
		Victorian buildings in Hull'. Features of interest include		
		hexagonal teachers' rooms on each floor and an		
		interesting carved wooden WWI memorial. A playshed		
	Clifton Primary	also survives. Originally had a square belfry supported		
Clifton Street	School	by 8 Tuscan columns.	19.09.06	No
		Attractive High Victorian non-conformist chapel		
		designed by Joseph Wright (1818-1885), pupil of		
	Masonic Hall	Cuthbert Brodrick (Hull's most celebrated Victorian		
	(former Primitive	architect). Built in 1876 and closed in 1933. Good		
College Street, Sutton	Methodist Chapel)	polychrome brickwork and Italianate detail.	19.09.06	Sutton Village
		Attractive and well-detailed 19th century public house.		
!		Remodelled in the 1890s in Renaissance style. Good		
!		ceramic ornamentation and architectural detail,		
!	The Whittington &	including shaped gables, raised pilasters and a		
Commercial Road	Cat	balustrade.	19.09.06	No

				1
		Attractive and good example of a grand 3-storey		
		Victorian villa in 'white' brick with stone dressings.		
		Much fine Classical detail with elegant portico, 1st &		
		2nd floor bay windows to front and rear and 2 nice 1st		
		floor oriel windows to side of rear projection. Its name,		
		Hop Villa, recalls that it was originally owned by local		
		brewer Edwin Robson, of Moors' and Robson's		
	Hop Villa, No.123-	Breweries Ltd once the second largest brewery		
Cottingham Road	125	company in Hull, after the Hull Brewery Co.	15.05.07	Newland
		,		
		Former Edwardian tramway offices to the Cottingham		
		Road Tramway Depot (now the site of The Trees). One		
		of the few tramway related buildings surviving in Hull.		
		Built 1909. A pleasing two storey building of brick and		
Cottingham Road	No.56	terracotta with some good Classical detailing.	20.11.07	Newland
		3		
	The Dennison	Splendid example of grand Victorian middle class		
	Centre, (University	suburban housing dating from the mid-19th century.		
	of Hull) No.171-3	Originally two houses known as Cedars (No.171) and		
	(including old coach-	Brooklands (No.173). Distinctive and attractive use of		
Cottingham Road	house to east)	'white' bricks with red brick dressings.	20.11.07	Newland Park
		Impressive example of a massive 'Brewers Tudor'		
		roadhouse. Built 1928. Draws together details from all		
		the other similar public houses of the period. Originally		
		built to serve middle class suburbia. Part of car park was		
Cottingham Road	The Goodfellowship	originally a pub bowling green.	19.09.06	No

Cumberland Street	The Kingston, No.118	Good example of a traditional pub with a central corridor and an important historical reminder that this now entirely industrial area formerly had a significant residential population. Built before 1853 and originally known as the Kingston Arms Inn. Attractive Queen Anne style with a gabled gambrel (mansard) roof and first floor oriel windows.	20.11.07	No
Camberland Street	110.110	Distinctive and once commonplace Hull building type,	20.11.07	110
		now rare. One of only 9 surviving examples. Important		
	Former	reminder of Hull's once great fishing and fish-processing		
	Smokehouses,	industries and a significant contributor to local		
Daltry Street	No.11-17	distinctiveness.	15.05.07	No
		1 of only 3 original surviving examples in Hull and an		
		important piece of social history. Street shrines became		
		an increasingly common expression of remembrance		
		for local servicemen, particularly in working class areas,		
		as the casualty list lengthened during World War I (1914-		
		18). Street shrines generally consisted of a paper roll of		
		honour housed in a wooden case. Due to their		
		perishable nature, and later slum clearance		
		programmes, few now survive. The Dansom Lane shrine		
		is an unusual example in that it also lists all surviving		
		servicemen from the surrounding area. Originally		
		located on a factory building demolished during		
	Street shrine at	improvement works and relocated 2003 to a		
Dansom Lane	Reckitt Benckiser	landscaped area close to its original site.	19.09.06	No

Derwent Street	Mersey Primary School	Built 1902 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in a refined Neo-Georgian style. Only 15 out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best Victorian buildings in Hull'. Distinctive tall chimney disguised to look like a campanile.	19.09.06	No
		·		
		Historically important for being the last major relic of		
		Hull's first enclosed dock (known in succession as The		
		Dock, Old Dock & Queen's Dock) and for retaining the		
		last 'Scotch' type derrick in the Old Town - a distinctive		
		port-related feature and a rare reminder of Hull's		
		shipbuilding past. The 11 acre Queen's Dock was		
	Dry Dock (former	opened in 1778 and closed in 1930. The main dock was		
		filled in to create Queen's Gardens and the dock basin		
	& 'Scotch' type	was reused as a dry dock from 1957 up until the end of		
Dock Office Row	Derrick	the 20th century.	19.09.06	Old Town
		Well and richly detailed Victorian building with a		
	Brunswick	Flemish touch. Enriched tympana include dolphins and		
Dock Street	Chambers, No.16	clamshells. Missing pediment from top of Flemish gable.	20.11.07	Georgian New Town
		Built c.1910 in a restrained Edwardian Baroque style.		
	Former Primary	Adjacent Italianate chapel (built 1877) demolished 1960		
	School to Brunswick	and replaced by new Holderness Road Methodist		
Durham Street	Wesleyan Chapel	church in 1962. Good Baroque stone details.	19.09.06	No
		Attractive example of a large 1930s 'Brewers Tudor'		
Endike Lane	The Cross Keys	roadhouse on a prominent corner site.	19.09.06	No

		Distinctive and once commonplace Hull building type,		
		now rare. One of only 9 surviving examples. Important		
	Former	reminder of Hull's once great fishing and fish-processing		
		1		
Facilials Change	Smokehouse,	industries and a significant contributor to local	45.05.07	N
English Street	No.140-142	distinctiveness.	15.05.07	No
		Truncated remains of former Ropery. Rare early-		
		Victorian example (extant in 1853) of a once		
		commonplace and distinctive building type noted for		
	No.12 Kingston	their narrowness and incredible length. Later occupied		
English Street	Industrial Estate	by the Kingston Colour Works.	20.11.07	No
		Delightful Edwardian semi-detached pair built 1913-14.		
		Good example of Vernacular Revival style architecture.		
		Rendered with tile-hung bays, tall stacks and multi-		
Ferens Avenue	Nos.1 & 3	gabled side elevations.	20.11.07	Cottingham Road
		Elegant well-detailed Neo-Georgian building. Crown		
		House designed by Scarlett & Ashworth and built 1931.		
		The first of several such buildings built as part of the		
	Crown House &	planned but never fully realised great Neo-Georgian		
	Britannia House,	boulevard along Ferensway (opened in 1931). Adjacent		
Ferensway	Nos.2-18	Britannia House added 1950s in matching style.	19.09.06	No
		Post-war department store of 1952, one of the earliest		
		completed in the first period of post-Blitz		
		reconstruction. Built to the designs of the notable		
		commercial architect T.P. Bennett for Hammonds of		
		Hull, it is little altered and remains in commercial use. A		
		competent and distinctive design, which marries		
		classicism and modernism, executed in high quality		
	Hammonds	materials. A notable presence within the commercial		
Ferensway	Department Store	centre of Hull.	19.09.06	Jameson Street

Ferensway/Brook Street	Brook Chambers, Ferensway Chambers & Debenhams	Elegant well detailed Neo-Georgian building. Chambers designed by Scarlett & Ashworth and built 1934. Debenhams addition added 1950s in matching style. Built as part of the planned but never fully realised great Neo-Georgian boulevard along Ferensway (opened in 1931).	19.09.06	No
Ferensway/Mill Street	Broadway House, No.105-07	Elegant well detailed 1930s Neo-Georgian building. One of several such buildings built as part of the planned but never fully realised great Neo-Georgian boulevard along Ferensway (opened in 1931).		No
Ferensway/Prospect Street	Ferensway House, Nos.1-3/No.50	Elegant well detailed 1930s Neo-Georgian building. Designed by Scarlett & Ashworth and built 1934. One of several such buildings built as part of the planned but never fully realised great Neo-Georgian boulevard along Ferensway (opened in 1931).		No
Fountain Road	Bridge over Beverley & Barmston Drain	Ornate brick and terracotta road bridge over Beverley & Barmston Drain (cut under an Act of 1798). Distinctive and attractive pierced coped balustrades in the form of St Chad's crosses rotated by 45 degrees. End piers (dated 1889), with plinths and corniced caps, decorated with armorial quadrate crosses (bearing three ducal coronets), separate coped and buttressed flanking walls.	20.11.07	Sculcoates

		1	I	1
		First school to be designed by the City Architects after		
		the City took over responsibility for education from the		
		Hull School Board in 1903. Designed by Joseph H. Hirst,		
		the first City Architect, and built as an addition to		
		Northumberland Avenue School in 1904. Fountain		
		House is an attractive and highly accomplished brick-		
	Fountain House	built school with stone detailing and a good example of		
Fountain Road	School	Edwardian Baroque architecture.	20.11.07	Sculcoates
		Simple but delightful corner group comprising a good		
		traditional example of a 19th century public house and		
	The County	terrace-of-two. Nice variation in heights rising from two		
Francis Street/Charles	(including No.71	storeys to three at the corner, which is pleasingly		
Street	Francis Street)	rounded.	19.09.06	No
		Good and distinctive example of 1950s commercial		
		architecture. Designed by W Gregory Wilson for Comet		
		(founded in 1933 by George Hollingberry in Hull as		
		Comet Battery Stores Ltd and now one of the best		
		known retailers of electrical goods in Britain). Concrete		
		box-frame construction with recessed brick facade and		
		3 tall recessed openings (with roundels above)		
		containing windows and diaper pattern balconies with		
George Street	No.48-50	roundels. Ground floor shop front and canopy removed.	20.11.07	Georgian New Town
		The best surviving example in Hull of a small Victorian		
		police station. Built 1885. Domestic scale and		
	Candan Chuaah	attractively detailed. Modern historical associations		
Candan Chuart	Gordon Street	with The Beatles, who took refuge here in 1963	10.00.00	Davidavand
Gordon Street	Police Station	following a local concert.	19.09.06	Boulevard

		Good traditional example of a 19th century public		
		house. Features some nice architectural ceramic		
		ornamentation. Important contributor to Drypool's own		
Great Union Street	Duke of Edinburgh	sense of place and local distinctiveness.	19.09.06	No
oreat official street	Dake of Lamburgh	Sense of place and rocal distinctiveness.	23.03.00	
		Characteristic and increasingly rare historic riverside		
		structure (one of only four surviving purpose-built		
		examples within the Old Town/Garrison Side area).		
		Important for illustrating the history of shipbuilding in		
		Hull (once one of the three major British shipbuilding		
		centres at the end of the 18th century in terms of ship		
		numbers, and ranked fourth and fifth according to		
		tonnage produced). Built sometime between 1817 and		
		1842 within an established shipyard founded by William		
		Gibson (late of Airmyn) in 1805. One of Hull's most		
		productive yards. Apart from a brief flirtation with iron		
		shipbuilding at another yard in the 1840s, the Gibson		
		family confined themselves to wooden shipbuilding and		
		repairs until closure in 1897. HMS Hyperion was built in		
Great Union Street	Union Dry Dock	the yard in 1806.	15.05.07	No
		Good traditional example of a 19th century public		
		house. Important contributor to Drypool's own sense of		
Great Union Street	Victoria Dock Tavern	place and local distinctiveness.	19.09.06	No
		Good and attractive example of a large 1930s		
		roadhouse-style pub built in 'Brewers Vernacular		
		Revival' style. Built on site of earlier public house. Main		
		entrance at Harcourt Street has a fine embellished		
		stone door surround with a lovely jettied mock-timber		
Great Union Street	Waterloo Tavern	porch above.	15.05.07	No

			1	
Green Lane	Central Buildings, No.1	Former mid-Victorian corner pub known as the East Sculcoates Central Hotel. Pictured in a F. S. Smith Drawing of 1888. Red brick with stone dressings. Curves satisfyingly round the corner. Further emphasis to the rounded corner is given by the pleasing array of arcadelike round-arched windows at first floor level and the round window in the round-arched dormer facing Green Lane.	15.05.07	No
Oreen Lane	NO.1	Pretty 'toy town' church. Built 1933 and designed by	13.03.07	110
	Church of the Holy	Bishop Thomas Shine. Attractive brown brick with orange stone dressings. Pleasing Gothic style with nice		
Hall Road	Name	castellated bell-tower.	15.05.07	No
Tall Road	Ivanic	Neat 1930s sewage pumping station with distinctive	13.03.07	140
	East Hull Pumping	and prominent 1960s extension featuring offset		
Hedon Road	Station	chequerboard windows.	19.09.06	No
Tiedoff Road	Station	chequerboard windows.	15.05.00	INO
Hedon Road	Mission House, No.900	Formerly the Flying Angel Club (Mission to Seamen). Built 1967-9 and specifically designed as a place of refuge for the huge number of seamen using the port of Hull. Good contemporary port related building designed by Fisher, Hollingsworth & Partners. Building includes a small but distinctive church, with aspects over an internal courtyard, and two halls - one above the other.		No
		Good traditional example of a 19th century public house. Built 1874. Nice tiling and architectural ceramic ornamentation dating from c.1890, including a splendid		
Hessle Road	Dairycoates Inn	Hull Brewery Co. tiled anchor trademark.	19.09.06	No

			1	T
Hessle Road	Half Way Hotel, No.490	Prominent and superb example of a large 3-storey Victorian public house built in the gin palace style. Constructed c.1874 for wine and spirit merchant JR Willford and designed by William Marshall, architect of the Kingston Hotel. Good detailing and use of red and 'white' brick. Extremely similar in style to the grade II listed Criterion Hotel, Hessle Road. Distinctive Art Deco shopfront with Marmo (white faience) faced façade. Bold pilasters and decorative tympana featuring geometric patterns. Originally built	20.11.07	No
Hessle Road	No.164-168	for Burton's in 1939.	20.11.07	Coltman Street
	No.2050-52, No.2054, No.2056- 58, No.2064,	Entertaining group of 5 former Cottage Homes (2 detached and 3 semi-detached late Victorian suburban style villas) designed as part of the Sculcoates Union Cottage Homes. Built in 1897 to provide accommodation for destitute children who would otherwise live at the workhouse. The houses were arranged in street fashion (as opposed to village) and designed to accommodate 15-20 children under the supervision of a house-mother. One of only 25 Cottage Home sites noted as being in operation nationally in a 1903 parliamentary report and one of only 2 examples in Hull. Note: Nos.2050-52 were demolished in 2018. No.2054		
Hessle Road	No.2066-68	Hessle Road was demolished in 2019.	15.05.07	No
Hessle Road	Rayners, No.325	Prominent and traditional example of a 19th century corner pub formerly at the heart of the Hull fishing community. Entrenched in local fishing folklore.	19.09.06	Hessle Road

Hessle Road	Scoria paving blocks in 'tenfoot' to rear	Distinctive and richly textured blue-grey 'glassy' setts shaped in patterned moulds from the slag of smelted metal ore (known as scoria). Attractive shape and pattern comprising two conjoined floral-hexagons.	20.11.07	Hessle Road
	Dry Dock south of former Queen's	Characteristic and increasingly rare historic riverside structure. Important for illustrating the history of shipbuilding in Hull. Early 19th century. Occupies part of what was the North End Shipyard which was owned in the 18th century by the Blaydes family. They were Hull's principal shipbuilders in the Georgian era, when they constructed a range of vessels for local ship owners and the Royal Navy. The most famous ship built at the North End Yard was the 'Bethia' (later renamed 'HMS		
High Street	Dock Basin	Bounty').	15.05.07	Old Town

			I	
		Rare piece of historic street furniture. Interesting late		
		, ,		
		19th century rectangular granite animal drinking trough		
		(now planting tub) with chamfered base on granite slab		
		supports with a granite domed spur stone at each end.		
		Underneath at ground level is a shallow rectangular		
		granite dog trough (or possibly a waste water tray).		
		Missing shaped head and cistern. Presented by the		
		Metropolitan Drinking Fountain & Cattle Trough		
		Association whose name is inscribed on one side.		
		Association founded 1859 as the Metropolitan Free		
		Drinking Fountain Association (Cattle Trough added		
		1867). Horse-drawn traffic was commonplace until the		
	Former drinking	1950s and Association drinking troughs provided free		
	fountain & cattle	fresh water across Britain and spared many animals the		
High Street	trough	frequent risk of death from dehydration.	15.05.07	Old Town
		Large and prominent building designed by Colonel J.		
		Adamson and built in 1934. Notable for its clean lines		
	Astoria Bingo Club	and refined simplicity. A good and rare surviving		
	(former Astoria	example of a 1930s suburban cinema. Closed as a		
Holderness Road	Cinema), No.659	cinema in 1963.	19.09.06	Holderness Road East
		Neat five-bay detached villa, brick with stone quoins,		
		hipped slate roof and prominent Tuscan porch.		
		Windows altered, but still a fine surviving example of a		
Holderness Road	Bernardo's, No.348	late-Victorian middle-class detached villa.	20.11.07	Holderness Road East

Cornmill Hotel	Originally built in 1838 as the steam engine-house for an adjoining corn mill (now demolished). Known variously as the Holderness Corn Mill or West's Mill. Notable for being one of the first steam-powered corn mills in Hull and now the last surviving example along Holderness Road - once synonymous with milling. Important association with Joseph Rank (1854-1943), founder of the milling firm Joseph Rank Ltd, who jointly rented the mill in the late-19th century with Thomas Richardson	19 09 06	Holderness Road West
Comminutotei	inicilal usoff.	19.09.00	Holderness Road West
	Probably designed by Joseph H. Hirst, the first City Architect, and built 1897-8. One of the finest public buildings in east Hull. Attractive, showy façade of red and yellow brick bands, terracotta decoration, scrolled pediments, shaped gables, mullioned windows and a		
East Hull Baths	first-floor balcony. Also contains a splendid tiled foyer.	19.09.06	Holderness Road West
East Park Baptist Church	Good Free Gothic-Tudor style church. Built 1914-16 and designed by F. Illingworth of Leeds.	19.09.06	Holderness Road East
Four in Hand, No.957	Attractive example of a large 1930s 'Brewers Tudor' roadhouse on a prominent corner site. Built 1937.	19.09.06	No
Milestone (c.35m NW of No.7	Generic East Riding milestone. 1 of only 3 surviving mounting block type examples in Hull. Erected to inform travellers along the Hull to Hedon turnpike (1745-1878) how far they had come and how far they still had to go. Rare relic from the days of turnpike trusts and an important piece of transport heritage for	40.00.05	No
	East Park Baptist Church Four in Hand, No.957 Milestone (c.35m	an adjoining corn mill (now demolished). Known variously as the Holderness Corn Mill or West's Mill. Notable for being one of the first steam-powered corn mills in Hull and now the last surviving example along Holderness Road - once synonymous with milling. Important association with Joseph Rank (1854-1943), founder of the milling firm Joseph Rank Ltd, who jointly rented the mill in the late-19th century with Thomas Richardson. Probably designed by Joseph H. Hirst, the first City Architect, and built 1897-8. One of the finest public buildings in east Hull. Attractive, showy façade of red and yellow brick bands, terracotta decoration, scrolled pediments, shaped gables, mullioned windows and a first-floor balcony. Also contains a splendid tiled foyer. East Park Baptist Good Free Gothic-Tudor style church. Built 1914-16 and designed by F. Illingworth of Leeds. Four in Hand, Attractive example of a large 1930s 'Brewers Tudor' roadhouse on a prominent corner site. Built 1937. Generic East Riding milestone. 1 of only 3 surviving mounting block type examples in Hull. Erected to inform travellers along the Hull to Hedon turnpike (1745-1878) how far they had come and how far they still had to go. Rare relic from the days of turnpike trusts and an important piece of transport heritage for	an adjoining corn mill (now demolished). Known variously as the Holderness Corn Mill or West's Mill. Notable for being one of the first steam-powered corn mills in Hull and now the last surviving example along Holderness Road - once synonymous with milling. Important association with Joseph Rank (1854-1943), founder of the milling firm Joseph Rank Ltd, who jointly rented the mill in the late-19th century with Thomas Richardson. Cornmill Hotel Probably designed by Joseph H. Hirst, the first City Architect, and built 1897-8. One of the finest public buildings in east Hull. Attractive, showy façade of red and yellow brick bands, terracotta decoration, scrolled pediments, shaped gables, mullioned windows and a first-floor balcony. Also contains a splendid tiled foyer. East Park Baptist Good Free Gothic-Tudor style church. Built 1914-16 and designed by F. Illingworth of Leeds. Four in Hand, No.957 Attractive example of a large 1930s 'Brewers Tudor' roadhouse on a prominent corner site. Built 1937. Generic East Riding milestone. 1 of only 3 surviving mounting block type examples in Hull. Erected to inform travellers along the Hull to Hedon turnpike (1745-1878) how far they had come and how far they still had to go. Rare relic from the days of turnpike trusts and an important piece of transport heritage for

	T			T
Holderness Road	No.2-6	Former East Hull Gas Lighting Co. Offices. A plain early 20th century building but for a four-storey corner turret crowned by a delightful openwork dome in delicate wrought iron - making for a distinctive and highly individual skyline landmark. Rare painted glass panel street sign in a wooden frame on Holderness Road elevation. Dome/top of turret removed in 2008.	19.09.06	Holderness Road West
Holderness Road	No.26-32	Elegant and superior Neo-Georgian building featuring good doorcases with scrolled and segmental pediments. Built 1929 for the Hull & Sculcoates Dispensary. A good example of a pre-National Health building.	19.09.06	Holderness Road West
Holderness Road	No.35-37	Former branch premises of the Public Benefit Boot Co. Built in the latter part of 1896. Above the modern shop front is a handsome façade with round-arched windows, twin pedimented gables and plenty of decoration including boots displayed on the moulded spandrels of the first floor windows.	19.09.06	Holderness Road West
Holderness Road	No.501	8		Holderness Road East
	The Bank (former Hull Savings Bank),	Fine stone Neo-Classical building. Designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, and built 1920. Now		
Holderness Road	No.398	a public House.	19.09.06	Holderness Road East

				I T
		Good and rare example of an Art Deco influenced public		
		house. Built in 1938 on the site of a much older inn first		
		mentioned in 1748. Fine symmetrical façade with		
Holderness Road	The Crown	distinctive Art Deco pilasters.	19.09.06	Holderness Road East
Holderness Rodd	THE CIOWII	distilletive Air Deco pilasters.	13.03.00	Holderness Road East
		Good example of a highly individual and decorative late-		
		Victorian middle-class detached villa set in mature		
		gardens. Built 1880 and designed by Bown (Taylor,		
		Bown & Miller) for Frederic I. Reckitt. Red brick with a		
	Wood Grange,	jettied mock-timbered and tile-hung gable and a corner		
Holderness Road	No.435		20.11.07	Holderness Road East
		<u> </u>		
		Good example of a traditional Old Town public house.		
		Originally known as the New Dock Tavern and from		
		c.1838 as the Humber Dock Tavern. Refronted 1907.		
		Nice green tiling and architectural ceramic		
		ornamentation by the Leeds Fireclay Co. Ltd. Pleasing		
		stepped configuration rising from two-storeys to four.		
		Commanding position overlooking Hull Marina (Humber		
Humber Dock Street	Green Bricks, No.8-9		19.09.06	Old Town
		·		
		Prominent red brick building with fine architectural		
		detailing. Occupies a commanding position overlooking		
		Hull Marina (Humber Dock). The magnificent Queen		
		Anne style façade has two shaped gables, between		
		which is an enriched central parapet with a segmental		
	Hessle Gate	pediment bearing the inscription "A.D. 1884. HESSLE		
Humber Dock Street	Buildings, No.4-5	GATE BUILDINGS".	19.09.06	Old Town

				1
		Jaunty and very individual 1950s 'Festival of Britain'		
		style fruit and vegetable warehouse. Distinctive first		
		floor balcony with zigzag balustrade, concrete parapet		
		featuring roundels and an angled polychrome brick		
Humber Street	No.73	corner featuring projecting bricks.	15.05.07	Old Town
		Built 1932 and designed by the second City Architect,		
		David Harvey. Elegant and stately 2-storey Neo-		
		Georgian E-block set back behind attractive arrowhead		
		railings and gates. The block comprises two		
		assymetrical rear end wings and a middle 7 bay		
	Malet Lambert	assembly hall with a gabled roof and a slender cupola		
	School (including	(belfry). The front of the block has a slightly projecting		
	railings, entrance	central entrance bay with 2-storey paired Doric columns		
	gates and ashlar	with pediment over. To each side of this are long 19 bay		
	gate piers) & No.491	wings with 3-bay pediments to centre. Forward of the		
	(former school	school is a neat 2-storey Neo-Georgian lodge with a		
James Reckitt Avenue	caretaker's lodge)	hipped slate roof.	20.11.07	No
	Jesmond House			
	(former Horse-	Originally built in 1882 for the Hull Street Tramways Co.		
	drawn Tramway	A rare survival and an important part of Hull's transport		
Jesmond Gardens	Depot), No.1	heritage.	19.09.06	No
		Oldest Council-owned school building in Hull still in its		
		original use. Built 1879 in Gothic style by the		
		Cottingham School Board shortly before local authority		
		boundary extended into the parish of Cottingham.		
		Partly demolished following war damage. Sympathetic		
		extension added 2004. Important reminder that		
	Lambert Nursery	historically the boundary of the parish of Cottingham		
Lambert Street	School	extended far into what became the city of Hull.	19.09.06	No

	T		1	T T
		Characteristic and increasingly rare historic riverside structure (one of only five surviving purpose-built examples within the Old Town/Groves area). Important for illustrating the history of shipbuilding in Hull (once one of the three major British shipbuilding centres at the end of the 18th century in terms of ship numbers, and ranked fourth and fifth according to tonnage produced). Built sometime between 1817 and 1842, with later concrete stepped sides, within an established shipyard founded by Peter Atkinson, who in 1803-5		
Lime Street	Dry Dock	launched the sloops HMS Scout and HMS Otter.	20.11.07	No
Linnaeus Street	Linnaeus House, No.14	Originally known as Sunny Side. Considered the most outstanding local example of a large mid-Victorian villa built in the French Renaissance style. The tall 3-storey corner tower originally had a pyramidal roof, surmounted with cast iron cresting and finials. The first floor window of the tower has an interesting canopy of French feeling and the centre dormer window to the main block of the house is also French in character, but the side dormers are probably later editions. 'White' brick construction with stone dressings.	20.11.07	No
Limited Street	110.11	and construction with stone diessings.	20.11.07	110
Lombard Street	The Yorkshireman	Handsome well-detailed 1930s Neo-Georgian public house built for Hull brewers Moors' & Robson's Ltd. M&R rainwater heads and door canopy railings.	19.09.06	No

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		Rare example of Victorian military architecture. Built		
		1864 by the 1st East York Rifle Volunteers (formed		
		1859). Distinctive and attractive use of 'white' brick		
		with red brick dressings. North elevation (now		
		whitewashed) of main frontage building features		
		pleasing round-arched windows. Rifle Barracks		
	Londesborough	originally comprised drill room, sergeants' quarters,		
Londesborough Street	Barracks		15.05.07	No
		Good example of a traditional corner pub. Late		
		Victorian. Distinctive and attractive use of 'white' bricks,		
		with red brick dressings, and dark green and mustard		
		coloured glazed ceramic tiles (now overpainted). Good		
		array of pilasters with ornate capitals and consoles, the		
		latter featuring greenmen with beards of grapes or		
Londesborough Street	The Clarendon		15.05.07	No
		Attractive lodge-like house in yellow brick. Built c.1849.		
		Double gables to front with pretty round-arched		
Lowgate, Sutton	Beech Cottage, No.4	, ,	19.09.06	Sutton Village
,	0 /	,		
		Good example of a large cubical villa of white brick.		
		Built c.1880s. One of several big houses that illustrate		
		the trend from the later 18th century of wealthy		
		inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton village as a popular		
		place of residence. Distinctive hipped slate roof with tall		
		chimney stacks, dormers and a lofty rooftop gallery		
Lowgate, Sutton	The Lawns, No.33		19.09.06	Sutton Village
		j		
		Former farmhouse. One of only two former farmhouses		
		to survive at Marfleet (a former agricultural village) and		
		a rare piece of agricultural heritage within Hull.		
Marfleet Lane	Homeleigh, No.141	Oubuildings demolished in 2017.	19.09.06	No

		Good and attractive Neo-Georgian example of the suburban roadhouse-style pubs that were built to serve the new housing estates of the 1950s. Built for the Hull Brewery Co. and opened in 1955. Features particular		
Marfleet Lane	The Crown	fine doorcases.	15.05.07	No
		Built 1892 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in William & Mary style. Only 15 out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best Victorian buildings in Hull'. Marfleet is unusual among the Hull Board Schools in being single storey, giving it a village school character. In 2004, a striking new rear extension was added and awarded a prestigious		
	,	commendation in the 2004 RIBA White Rose Awards for		
Marfleet Lane, Marfleet	School	Design Excellence.	19.09.06	Marfleet Village

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		Remodelled early 19th century town house. The		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		!
		building was remodelled by BS Jacobs when it was		
		converted into a cinema during the late-Edwardian		
		period. The cinema had all tip-up seating with a capacity		
		for 100 people in the balcony and 600 in the main body		
		of the hall. The venture was unsuccessful, however, and		
		the Gaiety closed as a cinema in 1915. In the years that		
		followed, the Gaiety Picture House became the Gaiety		
		Theatre, and ran as a major music hall venue between		
		the wars, changing its name to the Playgoers when it		
		ran from 1928 until its closure in 1934. The building still		
	No.51-52 (former	retains its elegant Classical facade by Jacobs and is a		
	Gaiety Picture	rare example of an Edwardian cinema conversion and		
	House (aka Gaiety	inter-war music hall venue. The building also retains a		
	Theatre; Playgoers	covered side entry which formerly gave access to the		
Market Place	Theatre)).	now lost Burns Entry.	20.11.07	Old Town
		Very old traditional public house with domestic		
		exterior. Established c.1791. Altered and extended in		
		the 19th and 20th century, but retaining a unique snug		
		with bench seating, bell pushes and a fireplace. Very		
Market Place (Blue Bell		distinctive inn sign (large blue bell) at Market Place		
Entry)	Ye Olde Blue Bell	entrance to Blue Bell Entry.	19.09.06	Old Town
		Impressive and very attractive example of a large 1930s		
		'Brewers Tudor' roadhouse. Good attention to detail		
		and a notable landmark with its tall Tudor style chimney		
National Avenue	The National, No.19	stacks and complex roof covered with 'Rosemary' tiles.	15.05.07	No

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		Neat 1920s corner pub. Built 1929 in Neo-Georgian		
		style for Darley's. Replaced earlier Victorian pub		
		originally known as The Iron Moulders Arms and from		
	The Blacksmith's	c.1860 The Blacksmith's Arms. Fine tiled corner panel		
Naylor Row	Arms	depicting Darley's armoured horse trademark.	19.09.06	No
		Good example of a former Workman's Club.		
		Acknowledged in its day as the best of its kind in Hull		
		and without superior in the country. Built 1904-5 in a		
		plain Queen Anne style for the employees of The British		
		Oil & Cake Mills Ltd (BOCM). Founded and opened by		
	New Cleveland	the BOCM Managing Director Isaac Pearson. Run as a		
	Social Club (former	social club from 1976 and previously known as The		
New Cleveland Street	Pearson Institute)	Pearson Club.	19.09.06	No
		Built 1896 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent		
		local architect, in a plain Queen Anne style. Only 15 out		
		of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they		
		are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best		
		Victorian buildings in Hull'. Most complete and least		
		altered of the surviving unlisted board schools. Unusual		
		features of interest include an external stone for		
	Newland Avenue	sharpening slate pencils and internally a flexible system		
Newland Avenue	Primary School	of classroom dividers.	19.09.06	No
		Good and rare surviving example of a late-Edwardian		
		shop front. Lots of nice traditional details including slim		
		hardwood mullions, curved plate-glass returns, glazed		
		brick stallriser and a deep lobby (or 'arcade') entrance		
		with terrazzo floor and two-leaf door with etched		
Newland Avenue	No.81	decorative number in light above.	19.09.06	No

Novilord Avenue	Sainsbury's Local,	Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd and opened in 1913. Classic Jackson's façade (in grocer's Classical style) designed by Gelder & Kitchen. Distinctive Marmo (white faience) faced façade with good coloured mosaics. The oculus (circular opening) in the		No
Newland Avenue	No.118-120	splayed corner formerly held a clock. Rare piece of historic street furniture. Mid 19th century.	20.11.07	No
		Fluted cast iron column with lion's head to front.		
North Church side	Water pump	Missing fluted dome.	15.05.07	Old Town
North Church Side	Ye Olde Corn Exchange, No.1-6	Very old traditional public house with an attractive frontage on North Church Side. The frontage features Georgian bow windows at first floor level and a delightful pair of consoles featuring the head of Ceres, the Roman goddess of agriculture and grain (the word "cereal" is derived from her name), at ground floor level. The pub was created from three properties that all had links to one another: the original Old Corn Exchange pub (licensed from c.1780), entered from a passage at No.50 Market Place; a tavern known as the Excise Coffee House, which fronted North Church Side; and a wine & spirit stores next door.	20.11.07	Old Town

Northumberland Avenue	Humber Archaeology Partnership & The Victorian School House	Former Northumberland Avenue School. Built 1897 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect, in a plain Queen Anne style. Only 15 out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best Victorian buildings in Hull'. The main school building has strong vertical emphasis and the smaller single storey building (added 1904) retains its distinctive cupola. Closed 1942 and occupied post-war by the educationally sub-normal school pending transfer to a special-school campus in Cottingham Road in 1964. Important historical reminder that this now predominantly industrial area formerly had a significant residential population.		Sculcoates
	Trafalgar Motors (former Imperial Brewery), No.23	A good and now rare example of a small independent Victorian brewery, once fairly commonplace. Delightful façade to Lincoln Street with three tiers of roundarched windows arranged in arcade fashion.		Sculcoates
Orchard Park Road	Church hall of St Michael & All Angels (but not church which is grade II listed)	Distinctive church hall (formerly St Michaels church) with parapetted flat roof and very individual stone mullioned windows with blocked architrave. Built 1934 and designed by Allderidge & Clark.	15.05.07	No

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		Channel alabaneta ananala af Viatanian industrial		
		Showy and elaborate example of Victorian industrial		
		architecture. Built 1895 by W. T. Owbridge (1844-1903)		
		inventor of 'Owbridge's Lung Tonic' (1874); a cough		
		mixture popular among fishermen who had to face the		
		Arctic waters. Distinctive and nicely detailed turreted		
		Renaissance facade with a good variety of pediments.		
		Factory sold 1969 to Organon Laboratories Ltd, a		
		subsidiary of the huge Dutch pharmaceutical group		
		KZO. Production at factory stopped 1971 and closed		
	Owbridge Court	1972. Purchased 1990 by the Sutton Housing Trust and		
	(former Owbridge's	successfully incorporated into a housing scheme of 35		
Osborne Street	Manufactory)	flats 1992-3.	15.05.07	No
		Good example of a late-Victorian 3-storey public house		
		built in the gin palace style. Fine Classical detailing		
		without, including guilloche decorated aprons. Formerly		
		known as the Paragon Hotel and built on the site of the		
		Paragon Inn. The current name of the pub immortalises		
		Hull Cheese, once said to be 'the mightiest ale in		
		England'. In John Ray's 'A collection of English Proverbs'		
		(1670), the author quotes the proverb "You has eaten		
		some Hull cheese" as equivalent to an accusation of		
		drunkenness. On a visit to Hull in 1622, the 'water poet'		
		John Taylor wrote about Hull cheese in his epic poem 'A		
		very merry wherry-ferry-voyage to York for my money'.		
		It was also at this period customary for the Corporation,		
		from time to time, during the sitting of Parliament, to		
	Hull Cheese, No.39-	send its representative a present of one or two barrels		
Paragon Street	41	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20.11.07	Jameson Street
raiaguii Stieet	41	or the famous fiuli ale.	20.11.07	שמוופשטוו שנופפנ

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		Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd. Good		
	Sainsbury's Local,	1920s example of the bold inter-war grocer's Classical		
Paragon Street	No.84-86	style featuring a white faience façade.	19.09.06	Jameson Street
		Attractive mid-Victorian public house remodelled in		
	The Sandringham,	1921. Retains very narrow single room floor plan. A nice		
Paragon Street	No.85		19.09.06	Jameson Street
		Superb Neo-Georgian block around an inner courtyard.		
		Designed by Kenneth Wakeford and built 1951-2. The		
		best of the immediate post-war developments, it		
		successfully picked up the Neo-Georgian theme		
		favoured for Ferensway in the early 1930s. Brick with		
		stone details, the centre of the elevation to Paragon		
		Street has columns supporting a pediment and a		
Paragon Street/King		delightful clock tower with cupola. Colonnades to the		
Edward Street/Jameson		end bays. The long range on King Edward Street is		
Street/Chapel Street	Queen's House	similar without the centrepiece.	19.09.06	Jameson Street
		Rare and distinctive example of 1920s Art Deco/		
		Egyptian Revival style architecture. Temple style brick		
		façade with a good columned porch with outer		
		pilasters, palmiform capitals and cornices. Notable		
		coloured glass mosaic solar disc with short stone sun		
		rays above main doorway. Inscribed parapet (CENTRAL		
Park Street	Central Masonic Hall	MASONIC HALL) with concentric square medallions.	15.05.07	No
		Neat example of an Art Deco signal box of 1938. Brick-		
		built with flat concrete roof. Good symmetrical design		
		with restrained decoration. Mentioned in G. Biddle's		
	Hull Paragon Signal	2003 monograph 'Britain's Historic Railway Buildings:		
Park Street	Box	An Oxford Gazetteer of Structures & Sites'. 7	15.05.07	No

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		One of an entertaining and attractive range of Victorian		
Pearson Park	No.2 & No.3	park villas. White brick with good architectural details.	19.09.06	Avenues & Pearson park
		One of an entertaining and attractive range of Victorian		·
	No.21 & No.22	park villas. Built 1870 and designed by R.G. Smith.		
Pearson Park	(Linden Villas)	White brick with unusual pilasters.	19.09.06	Avenues & Pearson park
		One of an entertaining and attractive range of Victorian		
Pearson Park	No.44 & No.45	park villas. White brick with good architectural details.	19.09.06	Avenues & Pearson park
		One of the last Primitive Methodist churches built		
		before the Deed of Union. Built 1930-1 and designed by		
		W. H. Kitching & Co in Neo-Classical style. Officially		
		known as West Street Memorial chapel. Contains the		
	Perth Street	1819 pediment inscription from Hull's first Primitive		
Perth Street	Methodist Church	Methodist chapel in West Street.	19.09.06	No
		Rare piece of historic park furniture (re-sited). Good		
		quality wall mounted bronze relief drinking fountain		
		with water bowl, polychrome mosaic surround and		
		granite plinth and steps. Presented in 1912 to the City		
	Rowntree Drinking	of Hull by George Rowntree in memory of his wife		
Pickering Park	Fountain	Elizabeth Ann Rowntree.	15.05.07	No
		Good and attractive Neo-Georgian example of the		
		suburban roadhouse-style pubs that were built to serve		
		the new housing estates of the 1930s. Built 1939. Name		
		and licence transferred from old Zetland Arms, Adelaide		
	Zetland Arms,	Street (closed 3pm 25th June, 1940). New Zetland Arms		
Portobello Street	No.139	opened 11am 26th June, 1940.	15.05.07	No

The Oberon, No.44-46 The Queens (including former pub bowling	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade. Following damage by enemy action in 1941, the licence was held in suspension until 1954 when after alterations and repairs it re-opened. Good traditional example of a late-19th century public house with former integral off-licence and bowling pavilion to rear (existing car park was once the pub	19.09.06	Old Town
46 The Queens	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade. Following damage by enemy action in 1941, the licence was held in suspension until 1954 when after alterations and repairs it re-opened. Good traditional example of a late-19th century public	19.09.06	Old Town
46	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade. Following damage by enemy action in 1941, the licence was held in suspension until 1954 when after alterations and repairs it re-opened.	19.09.06	Old Town
· ·	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade. Following damage by enemy action in 1941, the licence was held in suspension until 1954 when after	19 09 06	Old Town
The Oheron No 44-	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade. Following damage by enemy action in 1941, the licence		
	1895. Refronted c.1890 with a fine classical façade.		
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	Prominent four-storey 19th century inn. Known as the		
No.121	1930s roadhouse built in 'Brewers Neo-Georgian' style.	15.05.07	No
The Priory Inn,	Elegant and attractively detailed example of a large	4.5.05.5-	<u> </u>
Holiness Hall	Holiness Movement in 1958.	15.05.07	No
11-2		45.05.07	NI -
	Former Bethshan (Hebrew for 'House of Security')		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		20.11.07	Princes Avenue
Sainsbury's Local.			
	_		
	Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd and		
Nos.7-43	gables which form an attractive and distinctive pattern.	19.09.06	Princes Avenue
	, ,		
	·		
	Nos.7-43 Sainsbury's Local, No.83-85 Holiness Hall The Priory Inn, No.121	Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd and opened in 1905. Classic Jackson's façade (in grocer's Classical style) designed by Gelder & Kitchen. Distinctive Marmo (white faience) faced façade with good coloured mosaics. The oculus (circular opening) in the splayed corner formerly held a clock. Former Bethshan (Hebrew for 'House of Security') chapel. A good and rare example of a small Edwardian non-conformist backstreet chapel (possibly the smallest in Hull). Built c.1903 and registered by the Independent Holiness Movement in 1958. The Priory Inn, No.121 Elegant and attractively detailed example of a large 1930s roadhouse built in 'Brewers Neo-Georgian' style. Prominent four-storey 19th century inn. Known as the Commercial Boarding House in 1863, Marshalls	strong Dutch feel. Red brick with simple Dutch-style gables which form an attractive and distinctive pattern. Built for local grocers William Jackson & Son Ltd and opened in 1905. Classic Jackson's façade (in grocer's Classical style) designed by Gelder & Kitchen. Distinctive Marmo (white faience) faced façade with good coloured mosaics. The oculus (circular opening) in the splayed corner formerly held a clock. Pormer Bethshan (Hebrew for 'House of Security') chapel. A good and rare example of a small Edwardian non-conformist backstreet chapel (possibly the smallest in Hull). Built c.1903 and registered by the Independent Holiness Hall Holiness Movement in 1958. The Priory Inn, No.121 Prominent four-storey 19th century inn. Known as the

	The Wellington Inn,	Attractive 19th century public house. Good example of		
Russell Street	No.55	'Brewers Tudor'.	19.09.06	No
		Pleasing and good example of a vernacular inspired late-		
Saltshouse Road, Sutton	Aingarth, No.369	Victorian suburban villa by Freeman, Son & Gaskell.	20.11.07	Sutton Village
	Three Trees House,	Pleasing and good example of a vernacular inspired late		
Saltshouse Road, Sutton	No.351	Victorian suburban villa by Freeman, Son & Gaskell.	15.05.07	Sutton Village
		Attractive and well-detailed late-19th century public		
	The Manchester	house. Good Queen Anne style façade designed by		
Scale Lane	Arms	Brodrick, Lowther & Walker. Built 1898.	19.09.06	Old Town
		Former St Gregory's Roman Catholic School- Chapel.		
		Good example of a combined school and chapel. Built		
		1893 and designed by R. G. Smith and F. S. Brodrick.		
		School originally on ground floor and chapel on first		
		floor. Good Gothic style upper storey (chapel) with a		
		fine stone rose window at south end and a tracery		
Scott Street	No.21	window at north end.	15.05.07	No
		Good example of a traditional corner pub (originally		
		known as Royal Oak Inn). M&R incised stone blocks		
		below ground floor windows. Nicely detailed upper		
Scott Street	Oak Vaults, No.17	storey and pleasing ground floor of stone and brick.	19.09.06	No

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South Bridge Road	Former Winding House	Historically important for being the last dock related building associated with Victoria Dock and a rare Victorian dockside relic generally. Built 1866 by the Hull Dock Co., the original operators of the Victoria Dock, and designed to accommodate a coal-fired steam engine and winching mechanism for hauling vessels up a patent slipway from the Humber, both for repair and maintenance.	15.05.07	No
		Historically important for being the last major relic of		
		Victoria Dock. The latter was opened in 1850 and was		
		the first extension of the port, east of the River Hull.		
		Soon in need of a second larger entrance, the half-tide		
		basin was completed shortly after 1850. Entry to the		
		basin was via one of two locks. The smaller of the two		
		locks was for barge use. The basin allowed ships to		
		enter and leave at half-tide, hence the name. Victoria		
		Dock was closed in 1970, infilled the following year and		
		redeveloped as a 'dockland village' from 1988 onwards.		
	Victoria Half-Tide	The half-tide basin now serves as a settling pond for		
South Bridge Road	Basin and locks	surface water drains.	15.05.07	No
		Unusual and distinctive example of 1930s town		
o	E	planning comprising a fire station and 6 semi-detached		
Southcoates Lane/Fire	East Hull Fire	former fireman's houses arranged in a horseshoe	45.05.05	
Station Houses	Station/Nos. 1-12	layout.	15.05.07	No
		Attractive corner pub. Good example of 'Brewers		
Spring Bank	Botanic, No.231	Tudor'.	19.09.06	Spring Bank

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Spring Bank	Hull & East Yorkshire Institute for the Deaf, No.63	Attractive and prominent example of Vernacular Revival style architecture with Tudor overtones. Built 1925-6 by F. J. Horth & H. Andrew. Brick and ashlar with nice gabled entrance with side turret, solid chimney stacks and distinctive long rows of stone mullioned windows to both floors (to admit plenty of light to aid visual communication). Relocated foundation stones from an earlier building are set into the boundary wall to the rear.		Spring Bank
		Attractive group comprising a nicely detailed three-		
		storey traditional Victorian public house and a former		
	Spring Bank Tavern,	two-storey shop (now part of the public house) with a		
Spring Bank	No.29-31	prominent and distinctive curved advertisement panel.	19.09.06	Spring Bank
		Good and attractive Neo-Georgian example of the		
s : 5 1 M/ .	- 1	suburban roadhouse-style pubs that were built to serve	45.05.07	
Spring Bank West	The Hastings	the new housing suburbs of the 1930s.	15.05.07	No
		Important landmark building and monument to the Hull fishing industry. Although built at a time of austerity, limited architectural innovation and restricted availability of building materials, the building still manages to proclaim its individuality. Built 1949 in a restrained international modern style (more characteristic of the 1930s) for The Lord Line trawler fleet. Largest and most distinctive of the surviving fish dock buildings at St. Andrew's Dock - home of the Hull		
St Andrew's Dock	Lord Line Building	trawler fleet from 1883-1975.	19.09.06	St Andrew's Dock

		Distinctive and once commonplace Hull building type, now rare. One of only 9 surviving examples. Important reminder of Hull's once great fishing and fish-processing		
		industries and a significant contributor to local		
St Marks Square	Smokehouse	distinctiveness.	15.05.07	No
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		Former Relief Office of the Sculcoates Poor Law Union		
		(SPLU). Built between 1888-1910. Red brick with stone		
		dressings. The SPLU was formed in 1837 to take over		
		the Poor Law responsibilities of 18 civil parishes in and		
		around Hull. The Union was administered by an elected		
		Board of Guardians, who along with their paid staff,		
		were responsible for a range of duties including the		
		administration of indoor and outdoor relief, for which		
		purpose this building was originally built (the rear hall		
		gable bears a stone band inscribed "RELIEF OFFICE").		
		Good example of Northern Renaissance Revival style		
		architecture and a rare building type associated with		
St. George's Road	No.216	the social welfare of the poor.	20.11.07	No
		Impressive example of a traditional mid-late Victorian		
	The St George,	corner pub. Good Classical style detailing with a fine		
St. George's Road	No.120-122	Corinthian portico.	20.11.07	No
		Probably the oldest surviving bridge in Hull. Dating from		
		c.1800. A good example of a late Georgian brick built		
		level drain bridge. Spans the Beverley & Barmston Level		
		Drain, cut under an Act of 1798 to improve drainage of		
	Bridge over Beverley	the Hull valley. The Drain, known locally as "Barmy		
Stepney Lane	& Barmston drain	Drain", is one of the few still remaining open in the city.	15.05.07	Sculcoates

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		Former Higher Grade Board School, then a College of Commerce, now Council offices. 1 of only 3 Higher Grade Schools built to accommodate children staying on after the compulsory school leaving age of 13. Built 1890 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent local architect. Only 15 out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally, they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the best Victorian buildings in Hull'. First built and only remaining Higher Grade Board School in anything like its original form. Attractive Jacobean style front and William & Mary style side		
Strand Close	Brunswick House		19.09.06	Beverley Road
Subway Street	Smokehouse	Distinctive and once commonplace Hull building type, now rare. One of only 9 surviving examples. Important reminder of Hull's once great fishing and fish-processing industries and a significant contributor to local distinctiveness.	15.05.07	No
Subway Street	Smokenouse	distilled vertess.	13.03.07	110
Sutton Pond	Sutton Pood Pridge	Good example of a 1930s Scherzer-type rolling lift bridge built by the Cleveland Bridge & Engineering Co. This form of bascule bridge was designed and patented by William Scherzer (1858-93) of Chicago in 1893. The bridge was opened in 1939 and is one of three single-leaf Scherzer-type bridges spanning the River Hull (the others being North Bridge (1928-31) and Drypool Bridge (1958-1961)). Of the three, Sutton Road Bridge is the most elegant, with particularly fine operating houses (designed in a restrained Art Deco/Neo-Georgian style) featuring external stairs, supported on detached Roman	15 OF O7	No
Sutton Road	Sutton Road Bridge	pilasters, terminating in lamp piers.	15.05.07	No

Sutton Dood	The Levels and	Elegant well-detailed example of a large 1930s 'Brewers Neo-Georgian' roadhouse. Built 1938 for Hull brewers Moors' & Robson's. M&R rainwater heads and incised initials above doorways. Formerly incorporated an 'out door dept' or off-licence and, in the rear room of the pub, some 17th century Jacobean oak panelling from	45.05.07	Ma
Sutton Road	The Lambwath	Anlaby Old Hall.	15.05.07	No
The Greenway, Anlaby Park	Harvest Lodge, No.2	Charming example of an early Victorian former gatekeeper's lodge (enlarged 1982) with good decorative bargeboards and an attractive wooden veranda. Originally the lodge to Spring Villa (now demolished), a large house built c.1840 by John Hudson, a Hull merchant. The Villa and its extensive grounds were developed from 1911-12 into the Garden City Estate (now Anlaby Park).	15.05.07	Anlaby Park
Thomas Street	'The Thomas Strawberry (Formerly Kingston Arms, No.55)'	Good example of a traditional corner pub and an important historical reminder that this now predominantly industrial area formerly had a significant residential population. Ground floor corner features an attractive and typical Classical style pub frontage.	20.11.07	No

		Built 1903 and designed by John Bilson, a prominent		
		local architect, in a refined Neo-Georgian style. Only 15		
		out of Hull's 37 Board Schools survive. Architecturally,		
		they are regarded by Pevsner & Neave as 'some of the		
		best Victorian buildings in Hull'. Enlarged post-war.		
		Distinctive tall chimney disguised to look like a		
		campanile. Interesting features include a foundation		
		stone, incised stone lintels proclaiming 'Laundry' &		
	Thoresby Primary	Cookery School', a laundry shoot and an outside school		
Thoresby Street	School	bell (restored 2003 on the original bracket).	19.09.06	No
		One of three sets of half-timbered almshouses within		
		the Garden Village. Designed by F. Runton Waller and		
	Sir James Reckitt's	built in 1924. A charming example of vernacular-		
Village Road	Village Haven	influenced architecture.	19.09.06	Garden village
		Good example of a traditional corner pub that once		
		served the Hull fishing community and an important		
		historical reminder that this now entirely industrial area		
		formerly had a significant residential population. Built		
		mid to late Victorian period for Sykes Brewery.		
		Attractive brick and terracotta ground floor facade		
		featuring some good Classical detailing including		
	Wassand Arms,	segmental door pediments inscribed with the name		
Wassand Street	No.99	'SYKES'.	20.11.07	No

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Netherhall and outbuildings	Built c.1810 by Henry Bedford, Hull Banker. Altered and extended 1873. Known as Sutton Hall until 1946. A fine example of a large cubical villa of white brick, with a good detached former stable block fronting Wawne Road. One of several big houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton village as a popular place of residence.	19.09.06	No
Ü	Distinctive and now rare Hull building type. One of only		
Former Smoke	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	- ,	19 09 06	Old Town
110030, 110.12	Town Built 0.13303.	15.05.00	Old TOWIT
	Prominent and imposing landmark church and a good		
	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	for 450 worshippers by Messrs. B. Blanchard and G. D.		
	Frankish in a contemporary style with very distinctive		
	groups of tall lancet windows with triangular hoods and		
	a Scandinavian- style tower with spirelet. Construction		
	largely financed from war damage payments awarded		
	to the abandoned Coltman Street church in whose		
	memory a meeting room was named. With 300		
	members in the 1950s, Derringham Bank was one of		
Derringham Bank	the strongest Methodist societies in the north of		
Methodist Church	I -	15.05.07	No
	Fine stone Neo-Classical building with flanking lamp		
	piers. Probably designed by John Bilson, a prominent		
Lloyds TSB	local architect, and built 1920s.	19.09.06	No
	outbuildings Former Smoke House, No.12 Derringham Bank Methodist Church	extended 1873. Known as Sutton Hall until 1946. A fine example of a large cubical villa of white brick, with a good detached former stable block fronting Wawne Road. One of several big houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton village as a popular place of residence. Distinctive and now rare Hull building type. One of only nine surviving examples and the last example in the Old Town. Built c.1930s. Prominent and imposing landmark church and a good example of post-war architecture (1957-8). Designed for 450 worshippers by Messrs. B. Blanchard and G. D. Frankish in a contemporary style with very distinctive groups of tall lancet windows with triangular hoods and a Scandinavian- style tower with spirelet. Construction largely financed from war damage payments awarded to the abandoned Coltman Street church in whose memory a meeting room was named. With 300 members in the 1950s, Derringham Bank was one of the strongest Methodist societies in the north of England. Fine stone Neo-Classical building with flanking lamp piers. Probably designed by John Bilson, a prominent	extended 1873. Known as Sutton Hall until 1946. A fine example of a large cubical villa of white brick, with a good detached former stable block fronting Wawne Road. One of several big houses that illustrate the trend from the later 18th century of wealthy inhabitants of Hull choosing Sutton village as a popular place of residence. Distinctive and now rare Hull building type. One of only nine surviving examples and the last example in the Old Town. Built c.1930s. Prominent and imposing landmark church and a good example of post-war architecture (1957-8). Designed for 450 worshippers by Messrs. B. Blanchard and G. D. Frankish in a contemporary style with very distinctive groups of tall lancet windows with triangular hoods and a Scandinavian- style tower with spirelet. Construction largely financed from war damage payments awarded to the abandoned Coltman Street church in whose memory a meeting room was named. With 300 members in the 1950s, Derringham Bank was one of the strongest Methodist societies in the north of England. Fine stone Neo-Classical building with flanking lamp piers. Probably designed by John Bilson, a prominent

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M.C. and all a	Former Granary &	Characteristic and increasingly rare historic riverside building. Important for illustrating the history of Hull's development as a port in the 19th century. Extant in 1853 and pictured in a F. S. Smith drawing of 1888. Distinctive early 20th century iron covered overhead footbridge linking the former granary to the mill across the road has attractive decorative roundels in the		N
Wincolmlee	overhead footbridge	wrought iron brackets at either side.	15.05.07	No
		Characteristic and increasingly rare historic riverside building. Important for illustrating the history of Hull's development as a port in the 19th century. Extant in		
Wincolmlee	Grosvenor Mill	1853.	15.05.07	No
Wincolmlee	The Whalebone	Established c.1800. An interesting public house and micro-brewery with two street frontages. Sole survivor of the once many pubs serving the Greenland Whaling Yards of the area. Retains illuminated M&R Ales sign and 1920s leaded light windows. A rare reminder of Hull's whaling industry and now Hull's only brewery.	19.09.06	No
	Former Kings Arms,	Prominent corner pub with an unusual ground plan. Built in 1930 by G. Houlton & Sons for Hull brewers Moors' and Robson's Ltd. Distinctive Art Deco/Neo-		
Witham	No.142	Georgian exterior.	15.05.07	No
Witham	Plimsoll's Ship Hotel	Attractive and well-detailed public house with distinctive consoles and figurehead capitals. Built early 19th century and originally known as The Ship Inn. Refronted 1874.	19.09.06	No
		Attractive and well-detailed corner pub. First recorded		
Witham	The Holderness	in 1843. Good example of 'Brewers Tudor'.	19.09.06	Holderness Road West

		Elegant well detailed Neo-Georgian fire station of the		
		inter-war period. Opened 1927 as a combined police &		
Worship Street	Central Fire Station	fire engine station.	15.05.07	Georgian New Town