

Preliminary assessment report spreadsheet: instructions

Introduction:

This spreadsheet contains 3 sheets, for reporting details of a preliminary assessment report. The sheets are labelled Annex 1, 2 and 3 and should remain so. This Environment Agency's PFRA Guidance should be referred to when completing the Annexes. Reporting information on past floods (Annex 1) is described in section 3.4 of the PFRA Guidance. Reporting information on future floods (Annex 2) is described in section 3.5 of the PFRA Guidance. Note that information might not be available for many of the optional fields in Annexes 1 and 2. Reporting information on Flood Risk Areas (Annex 3) is described in section 4.4 of the PFRA Guidance. If a PFRA does not identify a Flood Risk Area, Annex 3 does not have to be completed.

Please select a Lead Local Flood Authority from the following list:

Note that only one LLFA name can be selected. Where several LFFAs are working together, select one of the LFFAs, and then list the others below. If a particular LLFA is leading the exercise then it should be identified in the box in row 15. If there is no particular lead then it does not matter which one is selected; for example you might enter the LLFA that comes first among the group alphabetically.

Select here: Kingston upon Hull, City of

Working with: *(only complete this box where several LFFAs are working together to produce a PFRA)*

For Annexes 1, 2 and 3:

Mandatory content to meet European Commission reporting requirements is shown in **red**.
If an optional field is not applicable, record "Not applicable" or "NA".
If an optional field is not known, record "Unknown".

For Annex 1 in particular:

Note that only past floods with significant consequences need to be reported in Annex 1. Each past flood record must have significant consequences for at least one type of consequence (human health, economic, environment, or cultural). Some information on past floods is optional, but only for this first PFRA cycle. In future cycles, the European Commission will require more information to be reported for floods that occur after 22 Dec 2011. This is shown by the fields labelled "Optional for first cycle". LFFAs should record the following information from 22 Dec 2011: Start date, Days duration, Probability, Main source, Main mechanism, Main characteristics, and Significant consequences of flooding.

ANNEX 3: Records of Flood Risk Areas and the rationale (pre-ministry assessment report spreadsheets)																									
Field:	Flood Risk Area ID	Name of Flood Risk Area	National Grid Reference	Main source of flooding	Additional source(s) of flooding	Confidence in main source of flooding	Main mechanism of flooding	Main characteristics of flooding	Significant consequences to human health?	Human health consequences - residential properties	Property count method	Other human health consequences	Significant economic consequences	Number of non-residential properties flooded	Property count method	Other economic consequences	Significant consequences to the environment	Environment consequences	Significant consequences to cultural heritage	Cultural heritage consequences	Origin of Flood Risk Area	Amended Flood Risk Area rationale	New Flood Risk Area rationale	Rationale details	European Flood Risk Area Code
Mandatory / optional:	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Optional	Optional	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Mandatory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Auto-populated
Format:	Unique number between 1-9999	Max 250 characters	12 characters: 2 letters, 10 numbers	Pick from drop-down	Max 250 characters, same source terms	Pick from drop-down	Pick from drop-down	Pick from drop-down	Pick from drop-down	Number between 1-10,000,000	Pick from drop-down	Max 250 characters	Pick from drop-down	Number between 1-10,000,000	Pick from drop-down	Max 250 characters	Pick from drop-down	Max 250 characters	Pick from drop-down	Max 250 characters	Pick from drop-down	Pick from drop-down	Pick from drop-down	Max 1,000 characters	
Notes:	<p>A sequential number starting at 1 and incrementing by 1 for each record.</p> <p>Name of the locality associated with the Flood Risk Area, a town, city, or county.</p> <p>National Grid Reference of the centroid (centre point, falls within polygon) of the Flood Risk Area.</p> <p>Pick the source from which there is a significant flood risk. Refer to the PFRA guidance for definitions of sources.</p> <p>Main source of flooding: report the source(s) here, using the same source terms.</p> <p>If there is also significant flood risk generated by another source (other than the Main source of flooding), report the source(s) here, using the same source terms.</p> <p>Pick a broad level of confidence in the Main source of flooding: 'High' (compelling evidence of source - about 80% confident that source is correct), 'Medium' (some evidence of source but not compelling - about 50% confident that source is correct), 'Low' (source assumed - about 20% confident that source is correct) or 'Unknown'.</p> <p>Pick a mechanism from: 'Natural exceedance' (of floodwater overflowing defences), 'Failure' (of precipitation, at a slower rate than a natural or artificial defence or infrastructure, or of pumping), 'Blockage or restriction' (natural or artificial blockage or conveying a high degree of debris), or 'No data'. Most UK floods are 'Natural floods'.</p> <p>Has the Flood Risk Area been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to human health?</p> <p>Record the number of residential properties where the building structure would be affected either internally or externally by the flood.</p> <p>Where residential or non-residential properties have been counted, it is important to record the method of counting, to aid comparisons between counts. Choose from: 'Detailed GIS' (using property outlines, as per Environment Agency guidance), 'Simple GIS' (using property points), 'Estimate from map', or 'Observed number'.</p> <p>If the Flood Risk Area has been identified as a result of other significant economic consequences to human health, describe them (such as information about the number of critical services flooded).</p> <p>Where residential or non-residential properties have been counted, it is important to record the method of counting, to aid comparisons between counts. Choose from: 'Detailed GIS' (using property outlines, as per Environment Agency guidance), 'Simple GIS' (using property points), 'Estimate from map', or 'Observed number'.</p> <p>If the Flood Risk Area has been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to the environment, describe them (such as information about the area of agricultural land flooded, length of roads and rail flooded).</p> <p>Has the Flood Risk Area been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to the environment?</p> <p>If the Flood Risk Area has been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to the environment, describe them (such as information about national and international designated sites flooded, and pollution sources flooded).</p> <p>Has the Flood Risk Area been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to the environment?</p> <p>If the Flood Risk Area has been identified as a result of significant economic consequences to the environment, describe them (such as information about national and international designated sites flooded, and pollution sources flooded).</p> <p>Pick the origin from either: 'Indicative Flood Risk Area', 'Amended Flood Risk Area (in which case Amended Flood Risk Area rationale is mandatory)', or 'New Flood Risk Area (in which case New Flood Risk Area rationale is mandatory)'. This is not mandatory if the Flood Risk Area was an indicative Flood Risk Area and has not been amended, or is a new Flood Risk Area.</p> <p>Pick the main rationale from either: 'Geography', 'Past floods', or 'Future floods'. Then provide further detail in Rationale details.</p> <p>Pick the main rationale from either: 'Past floods', or 'Future floods'. Then provide further detail in Rationale details.</p> <p>This is not mandatory if the Flood Risk Area was an indicative Flood Risk Area and has not been amended, or is a new Flood Risk Area.</p> <p>Summarise the rationale for amending an indicative Flood Risk Area, or identifying a new Flood Risk Area. Refer to Data & WAG guidance to LLFAs on 'Selecting and reviewing Flood Risk Areas for local sources of flooding'. If the Flood Risk Area was an indicative Flood Risk Area and has not been amended, record 'Indicative Flood Risk Area'.</p> <p>This field will autopopulate using the LLFA name provided on the 'Instructions' tab, and the Flood Risk Area ID. It is an EU-wide unique identifier and will be used to report the Flood Risk Area information.</p> <p>Format: UK-ONS Code-As-LLFA Flood ID, 'ONS Code' is a unique reference for each LLFA. 'A' indicates it is a Flood Risk Area. 'LLFA Flood ID' is a sequential number beginning with 0001.</p>																								
Example:	1	London	SX1234512345	Surface runoff	NA	High	Natural exceedance	Natural flood	Yes	50000	Detailed GIS	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Indicative	NA	NA	indicative Flood Risk Area	UKE1000012A0001
Records begin here:	1	Kingston upon Hull & Humber Catchment	TA5054543069	Surface runoff	Ordinary watercourses; main rivers	High	Blockage or restriction	Flash flood	Yes	43,461	Simple GIS	Not Counted	Yes	1736	Simple GIS	Not Counted	No	No	No	No	Amended	Past floods		Amended to reflect the natural catchment geomorphology and the known influence of several Wolds watercourses (normally dry), and the influence of an adjacent catchment on the Kingwood and Branthorpe area of Hull	UKE0600010A0001