

## **Neighbourhood Plans**

## **Protocol**



<u>July, 2015</u>

## Introduction

The purpose of this note is to provide a quick check list for prospective neighbourhood forums (the Qualifying Body) in preparing neighbourhood plans. It is derived from the requirements of the Town and Country Planning Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations, 2012 and amendment of 2015. In general the Council's Planning Service will support Neighbourhood Plan Forums as resources and staffing allow. The main features of Council support include the following:

- 1. Publicising and promoting the application of a prospective neighbourhood area and forum including a press notice, web site access including application details, letters to stakeholders with a local interest (from Local Plan contacts list) and make application details available to view in local venues.
- 2. Production of a report necessary in determining the proposed area boundary and forum.
- 3. Publicising the decision to endorse or refuse (with reasons) the designation of an area and/or forum.
- 4. Help with facilitating consultation or advice on consultation, including giving advice on proposed surveys or questionnaires.
- 5. Provision of existing evidence base material necessary in underpinning the plan mainly in terms of advising and assisting with some of the technical, planning-related aspects of producing the plan (e.g. undertaking environmental assessments and negotiations with developers, should these be requested, with at least 2 weeks notice in each case). Further support is able to be given by signposting to sources of evidence and assisting in the analysis of evidence received from surveys only.
- 6. Advice on plan policy production of relevance to land use and the application to determining planning applications.
- 7. Advice on strategic policies outlined in the Development Plan to ensure conformity.
- 8. Production of a report in determining its content in addressing national planning policy, strategic Local Plan policies, sustainable matters and regard to the historic merits of an area.
- 9. Publicise, notify, consult, and invite representations on the forum's submitted neighbourhood plan proposals.
- 10. Prepare for (including sourcing the Inspector and venue) and notifying others of plan examination.
- 11. Help in fact checking the inspectors report.
- 12. Report the examiner's recommendations on the neighbourhood plan to Area Committee, Planning Committee and Cabinet, and endorse it, subject to it being confirmed via the local referendum.
- 13. Publish the examiner's report and its subsequent decision statement to the attention of people who live, work or carry on business in the neighbourhood area.
- 14. Prepare for referendum involving voting on the plan including publicising and promoting the referendum, press notice, web site promotion and letters to all local residents.
- 15. Report on referendum findings should this be necessary.

A Neighbourhood Forum will be advised as soon as practicably possible should other Council work priorities take precedence. The Forum should agree with Planning Services the scope and timescales involved in each case prior to the start of each stage.

The steps to neighbourhood plan production and forum selection are set out overleaf.

Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
Stage 1 – Pre application work	
<ol> <li>Stage 1 – Pre application work</li> <li>The QB would initially approach the Council's relevant Area Team with its proposals for designating a neighbourhood area and a forum with a view to producing a neighbourhood plan.</li> <li>It will be important for the QB to establish expectations for its neighbourhood plan. It will need to be in conformity with the Council's Local Plan and be prepared in accordance with the requirements of the legislation and national planning policy.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>At stage 1 only, the Council's facilitating role would be led by its relevant Area Team to work in conjunction with other relevant Council departments including Planning Services. For subsequent stages, the Planning Service will act as the Council's facilitator.</li> <li>The QB proposals would be considered and advice given about the procedure to be followed and support that will be provided by the Council.</li> <li>The QB is responsible for producing the Neighbourhood Plan.</li> <li>The Council will explain its facilitating role to the QB that will be to:         <ul> <li>confirm formal designations of an area as a neighbourhood for the purposes of plan making;</li> <li>provide technical advice and support for the preparation of the plan;</li> <li>validate and check plans for legal compliance;</li> <li>arrange and meet the cost of an independent examination into the plan;</li> <li>organise and meet the cost of a referendum to ensure there is public support for the plan; and</li> <li>ensure the plan has been prepared correctly and it has public support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Council will highlight alternative approaches to neighbourhood plans that could help the QB achieve its vision for the neighbourhood e.g. design statements, article 4 directions, comments on planning applications or through planning enforcement, mainly in relation to land use planning.</li> <li>The Council's neighbourhood plans webpage will be updated to publicise the QB's interest to prepare a plan. Relevant ward Councillors</li> </ol>
	will also be notified of the approach.
Stage 2 – Agreeing the Neighbourhood Area applications)	<pre>//Forum (there is scope to submit combined</pre>
A. Area application	
1. The QB submits an application for	1. The City Planning Manager will i. inform the
designation of a neighbourhood area to	relevant ward Elected Members and Area
the Council. The area application must	Committee Chairperson of the

Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
include: a plan/statement identifying the	neighbourhood area/forum application
land in question; a statement of why this	including those that might straddle an Area
land should be designated; and details	boundary* and ii. Area Committee's be
about the prospective Forum.	informed immediately when a request for a
2. Applications for neighbourhood areas	Neighbourhood Plan/Forum is received**
should accurately reflect whole	and reminded that they must meet to
neighbourhood areas that are clearly	consider the proposal within 13 weeks
identifiable, established and recognised	beginning from the start of consultation,
areas of Hull.	including a joint meeting if the plan
B. Forum application	straddles boundaries, with the possibility of
1. The QB submits an application for	convening a special meeting of the Area
designation as a neighbourhood forum to	Committee if necessary to meet this
the Council.	deadline, otherwise the decision within
2. The forum must be at least 21 people and	stage 2 of the Procedure be taken by
the application must include: the name of	Cabinet.
the forum; a written constitution; the	*The Council must multi-in-
name of the neighbourhood area; contact	*The Council must publicise the
details; and a statement outlining how the proposed forum meets these legal	neighbourhood area/forum application and undertake a public consultation for no less
proposed forum meets these legal requirements.	than 6 weeks. The Council must make a
3. The purpose for establishing the forum	decision within 13 weeks from the first day
must be for the express purpose of	of public consultation.
promoting and improving the social,	** The Area Director should receive
economic and environmental well-being of	notification in the first instance.
an area. Membership should be open to	
individuals who live, work or are elected	2. Following the 6-week consultation period,
members within the area.	the City Planning Manager will report to
4. At this stage, the prospective forum	either the relevant Area Committee or
should be in the process of:	Cabinet – whichever is the earliest
<ul> <li>seeking/securing wider community</li> </ul>	following the end of the consultation
support for undertaking the plan;	period, the results and recommend a
<ul> <li>developing a clear vision for the</li> </ul>	decision.
neighbourhood that can this best be	3. If acceptable, the Council will approve the
achieved through the making of a plan;	designation of the neighbourhood
<ul> <li>seeking/securing skills necessary to</li> </ul>	area/forum. The Council must publicise the
complete a neighbourhood plan;	designation/forum.
• seeking/securing access to finance in	4. If unacceptable, the Council must publish a
the community to help fund	statement setting out its decision to refuse
neighbourhood planning;	with reasons.
• seeking/securing the time and level of	
commitment necessary to produce a	
neighbourhood plan;	
<ul> <li>approaching key stakeholders to liaise</li> </ul>	
with during the making of plan;	
<ul> <li>preparing a programme for developing the plan; and</li> </ul>	
the plan; and developing a communications (publicity	
<ul> <li>developing a communications/publicity</li> </ul>	
strategy.	

Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
Stage 3 - Preparing the Plan	
Plan making	
1. The neighbourhood forum will draft the	1. The Council will support neighbourhood
plan recognising that it:	forums throughout the plan making
<ul> <li>can be a single policy or dozens of</li> </ul>	process. This support includes:
policies;	<ul> <li>providing general neighbourhood</li> </ul>
• must be in general conformity with the	planning advice and guidance;
'strategic policies' of the Local Plan, defined as those relating to land use	<ul> <li>advising on whether particular matters can be included in the plan;</li> </ul>
designations or matters greater than of local importance or to allocations	<ul> <li>advising and assisting with some of the technical, planning-related aspects of</li> </ul>
greater than 1 hectare;	producing the plan e.g. drafting policies,
<ul> <li>is essential to establish strong working relationships with the Council;</li> </ul>	undertaking environmental assessments negotiations with developers;
• is vital that there is wide and inclusive	<ul> <li>signposting sources of evidence and</li> </ul>
<ul><li>community engagement; and</li><li>should seek help from organisations</li></ul>	assisting in the analysis of evidence received from surveys;
who can offer support and guidance.	<ul> <li>signposting to relevant contacts</li> </ul>
2. There is a legal requirement to undertake	within the Council or within other
an environmental assessment, or where it	stakeholder organisations;
has been determined that plan proposal is	<ul> <li>help with facilitation or advice on</li> </ul>
unlikely to having significant	consultation including giving advice on
environmental effects, a statement of	proposed surveys or questionnaires;
reason why this is not needed.	<ul> <li>practical support such as providing a</li> </ul>
Neighbourhood forums should be aware	venue for meeting and providing copies
that such appraisals will need to be	of maps at a charge.
planned early in the process.	2. If appropriate, the City Planning Manager
3. A number of	will report to the relevant Area Committee
organisations provide	(or Joint Area Committee should the plan
support to neighbourhhood forums such	straddle an Area Committee boundary) and
as Planning Aid, Locality/ Princes	the Planning Committee on the progress
Foundation, and Planning Advisory Service.	being made on the preparation of the
	neighbourhood plan.
Pre-submission consultation and publicity 1. Before submitting a plan to the	1 The City Dianning Manager will report to
1. Before submitting a plan to the Council, a neighbourhood forum must:	<ol> <li>The City Planning Manager will report to the relevant Area Committee (or Joint Area</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>publicise the draft plan to people who</li> </ul>	Committee should the plan straddle an
live, work or carry out business in the	Area Committee boundary), the Planning
area;	Committee and Cabinet on the draft plan
<ul> <li>allow a minimum of 6 weeks to be given</li> </ul>	
for comments;	the Council's views. A key decision by
<ul> <li>consult statutory bodies; and</li> </ul>	Cabinet will need to be made.
<ul> <li>send the proposed draft plan to the</li> </ul>	
Council for its consideration.	
Plan submission to the Council	
1. Where a neighbourhood forum submits a	1. The City Planning Manager will report to
plan to the Council it must include:	the relevant Area Committee (or Joint Area
<ul> <li>a plan/statement showing the area;</li> </ul>	Committee should the plan straddle an
- a plany statement showing the area,	

Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
<ul> <li>the title of the plan;</li> <li>a consultation statement; and</li> <li>a statement explaining how the plan meets the basic conditions (see Stage 4 A).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area Committee boundary), the Planning Committee and Cabinet on the draft plan and inform the neighbourhood forum of the Council's views. A key decision by Cabinet will need to be made.</li> <li>2. Once the Council is satisfied that everything is in order, it must publicise, notify, consult, and invite representations on the forum's submitted plan for a period of not less than 6 weeks. Publicity should bring the proposal to the attention of people who live, work or carry on business in the area.</li> </ul>
Stage 4 – Independent check Submission for examination of the Plan	
1. In general it is likely that the examination of the plan would be by written rather than oral representations at examination. It is for the examiner to decide the approach but the Forum should be the main witness should an oral examination be used.	<ol> <li>The Council must appoint a suitable person to carry out an examination of the submitted neighbourhood plan and send that person all relevant documentation relevant to the plan's preparation and consultation.</li> <li>The independent examiner will check the plan to see it meets the "basic conditions":         <ul> <li>having regard to national planning policy;</li> <li>conforming with strategic policies of the development plan;</li> <li>contributes to the achievement of sustainable development; and</li> <li>it has regard to conservation areas and listed buildings.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Examiners Report and Decision	
	<ol> <li>The examiner will submit a report recommending either:         <ul> <li>proposals are submitted for referendum;</li> <li>modifications are made prior to a referendum; or                 <ul> <li>the proposals are refused.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The City Planning Manager will report the examiner's recommendations on the neighbourhood plan to the relevant Area Committee (or Joint Area Committee should the plan straddle an Area Committee boundary), Planning Committee and Cabinet. A key decision by Cabinet will need to be made, which endorses the plan, subject to agreement following the local referendum.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

Qualifying Body (OB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage         1. A referendum is required to gauge         community support for the neighbourhood         plan.         2. A referendum can be held at the same time         as elections.	<ul> <li>Support offered by the Council</li> <li>3. The Council must publish the examiner's report and its subsequent decision statement to the attention of people who live, work or carry on business in the area.</li> <li>Stage 5 - Community Referendum</li> <li>1. If the examiner's report recommends that the plan should proceed to a local referendum this will be organised and funded by the Council.</li> <li>2. The referendum will normally be open to any individual registered to vote in the area, but the independent examiner may take the decision that it should be extended, if for example the plan has implications for a surrounding area.</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Before a referendum is held, the Council must publish a "detailed notice" of the referendum for at least 28 working days before the referendum is held. This is "to ensure people living in the local authority's area are aware that a referendum is due to be held, the subject matter of that referendum and that they are informed of key information relating to the referendum".</li> <li>The Regulations set out the prescribed wording for the question that must be asked when the Council holds a neighbourhood planning referendum. It must ask the question "Do you want Hull City Council to use the neighbourhood area] to help it decide planning applications in the neighbourhood area?"</li> </ol>
Stage 6 - Plan Adoption	
1. Where the plan receives the support of more than 50% of votes at the referendum, then the plan must be adopted (made) by the Council and brought into effect.	<ol> <li>The Council must publish its decision and notify the neighbourhood forum and relevant bodies/persons after the Referendum.</li> <li>The plan should then be published and details of where and when it may be inspected. It must also notify any person who asked to be notified of the making of the plan that it has been made and where and when it may be inspected.</li> <li>Once the plan is made it would become part of the statutory development plan for Hull.</li> </ol>

Qualifying Body (QB) action required or stage	Support offered by the Council
Stage 7 – Plan monitoring	
	<ol> <li>The Council will monitor the plan checking its progress in relation to objectives including those outlined in the Hull Local Plan.</li> </ol>

## Area Team contacts

There are seven Area Committees and Area Teams operating in the city who have neighbourhood management responsibilities. They work to address community priorities with partner organisations, the local community and voluntary groups. Contact details for each area team, in terms of approaching the Council about preparing neighbourhood plans, are given below. Further information about area teams including their boundaries shown on a map can be found on the City Council web site (www.hullcc.gov.uk) by clicking on 'Community and Living', then on 'Your Community' and then 'Areas Teams'

West Area Team The Calvert Centre Calvert Lane Hull HU4 6BH Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: <u>west.areateam@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: West to 07795 563000 Facebook: <u>www.hullcc.gov.uk/westarea</u>

East Area Team Ings Customer Service Centre Savoy Road Hull HU8 0TY Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: <u>East.AreaAdmin@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: East to 07795 563 000

Riverside Area Team Holderness Road customer service centre 1 The Mount Holderness Road Hull HU9 2BN Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: <u>riverside.areateam@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: River to 07795 563000 North Carr Area Team Bespoke Centre Zeals Garth Wawne Road Hull HU7 4WD Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: <u>NCAT@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: Ncarr to 07795 563000 Facebook: www.facebook.com/NorthCarr

Park Area Team Central Pavilion East Park Holderness Road Hull HU8 8JU Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: park.areacommittee@hullcc.gov.uk Text: Park to 07795 563000 Facebook: www.facebook.com/ParkArea

Wyke Area Team Newland Avenue Primary School Reynoldson Street Hull HU5 3BH Tel: 01482 300 300 and ask for the Wyke area team Email: <u>wykeareateam@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: Wyke to 07795 563000 Facebook: <u>www.facebook.com/WykeArea</u>

Northern Area Team The Orchard Centre Orchard Park Road Hull HU6 9BX Tel: 01482 300 300 Email: <u>northern.areateam@hullcc.gov.uk</u> Text: North to 07795 563000